THE ERIE OBSERVER.

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Erie Weekly Observer.

A. P. DURLIN & CO. PROPRIETORS.

B. F. SLOAN, Editor.

OFFICE, CORNER STATE ST. AND PUBLIC SQUARE, ERIE.

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Erie, April 6, 1852.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
In Walker's Office, on Seventh Street, Erie, Pa

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WILLIAM RIBLET,
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General Forwarding, Produce and Commison Merchants; dealers in coarse and fine salt, Coal, Plaster, Shingles, &c. Public dock, West side of the bridge, Erie.

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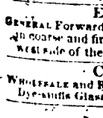
DR. O. L. ELLIOTT,

Resident Dentist; Office and dwelling in the Beebe Block, on the East side of the Public Square, Erie. Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, from one to an entire set. Carious teeth filled with pure Gold, and restored to health and usefulness. Teeth cleaned with instruments, and Dentifice so as to leave them of colored clearness. All work warranted.

Poetry and Miscellany.

MORNING AND NIGHT.

BY JANE GRAY.

On the shore of a dim and misty sea,
With a broad green field before him,
Stood a childish form, in the early morn,
With the blue sky hanging o'er him!
And his heart leaped forth to the glad green earth
Like a fountain to freedom springing,
For blossoming trees waved there in the breeze,
And birds in the boughs were singing.

But a voice from behind fell on his ear,
"Though bright the sunshine o'er thee,
Oh, child! beware of the lurking snare
That lies in the path before thee!"
Then the youth went forth to the field of Life,
With a high soul's firm endeavor,
And that warning word, in the morning heard,
In his heart was treasured ever!

Years were gone—and the old man stood
On the verge of a swelling ocean;
And the foaming spray on his locks of grey
Was tossed in the wild commotion!
The morn was past—and the glorious noon—
At the twilight hour we find him,
With its shadows dim encircling him,
And the field of Life behind him!

But he looked not back—his eye was fixed
On the misty sea before him—
For he knew if the sun of life were gone
Heaven's starlight still was o'er him!
So he gazed with a clear, unclouded brow
Till the mist grew an angel's pinion,
And it bore him away, to a brighter day
In the spirit's high dominion.

THE COUNTER STROKE.

Criminal Weakness and Felonious Deception.

Just after breakfast, one fine morning in 1837, an advertisement in the Times for a curate, caught and fixed my attention. The salary was sufficiently remunerative for a bachelor, and the parish, as I personally knew, one of the most pleasantly situated in all Somersetshire. I instantly wrote, enclosing testimonials, with which the Rev. Mr. Townley, the rector, was so entirely satisfied, that the return post brought me a positive engagement, unclogged with the slightest objection to one or two subsidiary items I had stipulated for. It thus happened that I became acquainted, and in some degree mixed up, with the train of events it is my present purpose to relate.

The rector I found to be a stout portly gentleman, whose years already reached to between sixty and seventy. I *met him at breakfast on the morning after my* arrival, and his reception of me was most friendly. We had spoken together but for a few minutes, when one of the French windows that led from the breakfast room into a shrubbery and flower garden, gently opened and admitted a lady, just then, as I afterwards learned, in her nineteenth spring. I use this term almost unconsciously, for I cannot, even now, in the glowing summer of her life, dissociate her image from that season of youth and youthfulness. She was introduced to me, with old-fashioned simplicity, as "My grand-daughter, Agnes Townley." It is difficult to look at beauty through other men's eyes, and, in the present instance, I feel that I should fail miserably in the endeavor to stamp upon this blank, dead paper, any adequate idea of the fresh loveliness, the rose-bud beauty of that young girl. I will merely say, that her perfectly Grecian head, wreathed with wavy *bandeaux* of bright hair, undulating with golden light, vividly brought to my mind Raphael's halo tinted portraiture of the Virgin—with this difference, that in the place of the holy calm and resignation of the painting, there was in Agnes Townley a sparkling of youth and life, that even amidst the heat and glare of a crowded ball-room or of a theatre, irresistibly suggested and recalled the perfume of the morning—of a cloudless rosy morning of May. And, far higher charm than feature beauty, however exquisite, a sweetness of disposition, a kind gentleness of mind and temper, was evidenced in every line of her face, in every accent of the low-pitched, silver voice, that breathed through lips made only to smile.

Let me own that I was greatly struck by so remarkable a combination of rare endowments; and this, I think, the sharp-eyed rector must have perceived, or he might not perhaps have been so immediately communicative with respect to the near prospects of his idolized grandchild, as he was the moment the young lady, after presiding at the breakfast-table, had withdrawn.

"We shall have gay doings, Mr Tyrrel, at the rectory shortly," he said. "Next Monday three weeks will, with the blessing of God, be Agnes Townley's wedding day."

"Wedding day!"

"Yes," rejoined the rector, turning towards and examining some flowers which Miss Townley had brought in and placed on the table. "Yes, it has been for some time settled that Agnes shall on that day be united in holy wedlock to Mr. Arbuthnot."

"Mr. Arbuthnot of Elm Park?"

"A great match, is it not, in a worldly point of view?" replied Mr. Townley, with a pleasant smile at the tone of my exclamation. "And much better than that, Robert Abuthnot is a young man of a high and noble nature, as well as devotedly attached to Agnes. He will I doubt not, prove in every respect a husband deserving and worthy of her; and that, from the lips of a doting old grandpapa must be esteemed high praise. You will see him presently.

I did see him often, and quite agreed in the rector's estimate of his future grandson-in-law. I have not frequently seen a finer looking young man. His age was twenty-six; and certainly one of a more honorable and kindly spirit, of a more genial temper than he has never come within my observation. He had drawn a great prize in the matrimonial lottery.

They were married at the time agreed upon, and the day was kept not only at Elm Park, and in its neighborhood, but throughout "our" parish, as a general holiday. And, strangely enough—at least I have never met with another instance of the kind—it was held by our entire female community, high as well as low, that the match was a perfectly equal one, notwithstanding that wealth and high worldly position were entirely on the bridegroom's side.

The days, weeks, months, of wedded life flew over Mr. and Mrs. Arbuthnot without a cloud, save a few dark but transitory ones which I saw now and then flit over the husband's countenance as the time when he should become a father drew near, and came to be more and more spoken of. "I should not survive her," said Mr. Arbuthnot, one day, *in reply to a chance observation* of the rector's, "nor indeed desire to do so." The gray-headed man seized and warmly pressed the husband's hand, tears of sympathy filled his eyes; yet did he, nevertheless, as in duty bound, utter grave words on the sinfulness of despair under any circumstances, and the duty in all trials, however heavy of patient submission to the will of God.

It was of course decided that the expected heir or heiress should be entrusted to a wet-nurse, and a Mrs. Danby, the wife of a miller living not very far from the rectory, was engaged for that purpose. I had frequently seen the woman; and her name, as the rector and I were one evening gossipping over our tea, on some subject or other that I forget, came up.

"A likely person," I remarked; "healthy, very good looking, and one might make oath, a true-hearted creature. But there is withal a timidity, a frightedness in her manner which, if I may hazard a perhaps uncharitable conjecture, speaks ill for that smart husband of hers."

"You have hit the mark precisely, my dear sir. Danby is a sorry fellow, and a domestic tyrant to boot.—His wife, who is really a good, but meek-hearted person, lived with us once. How old do you suppose her to be?"

"Five-and-twenty, perhaps."

"Six years more than that. She has a son of the name of Harper by a former marriage, who is in his tenth year. Anne wasn't a widow long. Danby was snaught by her good looks, and she by the bait of well-provided home. Unless, however, her husband gives up his corn speculations, she will not, I think, have that much longer."

"Corn speculations! Surely Danby has no means adequate to indulgence in such a game as that?"

"Not he. But about two years ago he bought, on credit, I believe, a considerable quantity of wheat and prices happening to fly suddenly up just then, he made a large profit. This has quite turned his head, which, by the by was never, as Cockneys say, quite rightly screwed on." The announcement of a visitor interrupted anything further the rector might have had to say, and I soon afterwards went home.

A sad accident occurred about a month subsequent to the foregoing conversation. The rector was out riding upon a usually quiet horse, which all at once took it into his head to shy at a scarecrow it must have seen a score of times, and thereby threw its rider. Help was fortunately at hand, and the reverend gentleman was instantly conveyed home, when it was found that his left thigh was broken. Thanks, however, to his temperate habits, it was not probable that the lusty winter of his life would be shortened by what had happened. Unfortunately the accident threatened to have evil consequences in another quarter. Immediately after it occurred, one Mathews, a busy thick headed lout of a butcher, rode furiously off to Elm Park with the news. Mrs. Arbuthnot, who daily looked to be confined, was walking with her husband upon the lawn in front of the house, when the great burly blockhead rode up and blurted out that the rector had been thrown from his horse, and it was feared killed!

The shock of such an announcement was of course overwhelming. A few hours afterwards, Mrs. Arbuthnot gave birth to a healthy male child: but the young mother's life assailed by fever, was for many days utterly despaired of—for weeks held to tremble so evenly in the balance, that the slightest adverse circumstances might in a moment turn the scale deathward. At length the black horizon that seemed to encompass us so hopelessly, lightened, and afforded the lover-husband a glimpse and hope of his vanished and well nigh despaired of Eden. The promise was fulfilled. I was in the library with Mr Arbuthnot, awaiting the physician's morning report, very anxiously expected at the rectory, when Dr. Lindley entered the apartment in evidently a cheerful mood.

"You have been causelessly alarmed," he said.—"There is no fear whatever of a relapse. Weakness only remains, and that we shall slowly, perhaps, but certainly, remove."

A gleam of lightning seemed to flash over Mr. Arbuthnot's expressive countenance. "Blessed be God!" he exclaimed. "And how," he added, "shall we manage respecting the child? She asks for it incessantly."

Mr. Arbuthnot's infant son, I should state, had been consigned immediately after its birth to the care of Mrs. Danby, who had herself been confined, also with a boy, about a fortnight previously. Scarlatina being prevalent in the neighborhood, Mrs. Danby was hurried away with the two children to a place near Bath, almost before she was able to bear the journey. Mr. Arbuthnot had not left his wife for an hour, and consequently had only seen his child for a few minutes just after it was born.

"With respect to the child," replied Dr. Lindley, "I am of opinion that Mrs. Arbuthnot may see it in a day or two. Say the third day from this, if all goes well. I think we may venture so far; but I will be present, for any untoward agitation might be perhaps instantly fatal."

This point provisionally settled, we all three went our several ways; I to cheer the still suffering rector with the good news.

The next day but one, Mr. Arbuthnot was in exuberant spirits. "Dr. Lindley's report is even more favorable than we had anticipated," he said: "and I start to-morrow morning, to bring Mrs. Danby and the child ——." The postman's subdued but unmistakable knock interrupted him. "The nurse," he added, "is very attentive and punctual. She writes almost every day." A servant entered with a salver heaped with letters. Mr. Arbuthnot tossed them over eagerly, and seizing one, after glancing at the post-mark, tore it eagerly open, muttering as he did so—"It is not the usual handwriting; but from her, no doubt."

"Merciful God!" I impulsively exclaimed, as I suddenly lifted my eyes to his. "What is the matter?"—A mortal pallor had spread over Mr. Arbuthnot's before animated features, and he was glaring at the letter in his hand as if a basilisk had suddenly confronted him. Another moment, and the muscles of his frame appeared to give way suddenly, and he dropped heavily into the easy chair from which he had risen to take the letters. I was terribly alarmed, and first loosening his neckerchief, for he seemed choking, I said—"Let me call some one;" and I turned to reach the bell, when he instantly seized my arms, and held me with a grip of iron. "No—no—no!"—he hoarsely gasped. "Water—water!" There was fortunately some on a side-table. I handed it to him, and he drank eagerly. It appeared to revive him a little. He thrust the crumpled letter into his pocket, and said in a low, quick whisper—"There is some one coming! Not a word, remember—not a word!" At the same time, he wheeled his chair half round, so that his back should be towards the servant we heard approaching.

"I am sent, sir," said Mrs. Arbuthnot's maid, "to ask if the post has arrived."

"Yes," replied Mr. Arbuthnot, with wonderful mastery of his voice. "Tell your mistress I shall be with her almost immediately, and that—her son is quite well."

"Mr. Tyrrel," he continued, as soon as the servant was out of hearing, "there is, I think, a liqueur stand on the side-board in the large dining-room. Would you have the kindness to bring it to me, unobserved—mind that—unobserved by any one?"

I did as he requested; and the instant I placed the liqueur frame before him, he seized the brandy *carafe*, and drank with fierce eagerness. "For goodness sake," I exclaimed, "consider what you are about, Mr. Arbuthnot; you will make yourself ill."

"No, no," he answered, after finishing his draught. "It seems scarcely stronger than water. But I—I am better now. It was a sudden spasm of the heart; that's all. The letter," he added, after a long and painful pause, which he eyed me, I thought, with a kind of suspicion—"the letter you saw me open just now, comes from a relative, an aunt, who is ill, very ill, and wishes to see me instantly. You understand?"

I *did* understand, or at least I feared that I did too well. I, however, bowed acquiescence: and he presently rose from his chair, and strode about the apartment in great agitation, until his wife's bed-room bell rang. He then stopped suddenly short, shook himself, and looked anxiously at the reflection of his flushed and varying countenance in the magnificent chimney glass.

"I do not look, I think—or, at least shall not, in a darkened room—odder, more out of the way—that is, more agitated—than one might, than one *must* appear after hearing of the dangerous illness of—of—an aunt?"

"Yes, yes; much better, much better. I am glad to hear you say so. That was my wife's bell. She is anxious, no doubt, to see you.

He left the apartment; was gone perhaps ten minutes; and when he returned, was a thoughtless nervous than before. I rose to go. "Give my respects," he said, "to the good rector; and as an *especial favor*," he added, with emphasis, "let me ask of you not to mention to a living soul that you saw me so unmanned as I was just now—that I swallowed brandy. It would appear so strange, so weak, so ridiculous."

I promised not to do so, and almost immediately left the house, very painfully affected. His son was, I concluded, either dead or dying, and he was thus bewilderedly casting about for means of keeping the terrible, perhaps fatal tidings from his wife. I afterwards heard that he left Elm Park in a postchaise, about two hours after I came away, unattended by a single servant!

He was gone three clear days only, at the end of which he retured with Mrs. Danby and—his son—in florin health, too; and one of the finest babies of its age—about nine weeks old—I had ever seen. Thus vanished the air drawn Doubting Castle and Giant Despair which I had so hastily conjured up? The cause assigned by Mr Arbuthnot for the agitation I had witnessed, was doubtless the true one: and yet, and the thought haunted me for months, years afterwards, he opened only *one* letter that morning, and had sent a message to his wife that the child was well!

Mr. Danby remained at the Park till the little Robert was weaned, and then was dismissed very munificently rewarded. Year after year rolled away without bringing Mr. and Mrs. Arbuthnot any additional little ones, and no one, therefore, could feel surprised at the enthusiastic love of the delighted mother for her handsome, nobly-promising boy. But that which did astonish me, though no one else, for it seemed that I alone noticed it, was a strange defect of character which began to develop itself in Mr. Arbuthnot. He was positively jealous of his wife's affection for their own child! Many and many a time have I remarked, when he thought himself unobserved, an expression of intense pain flash from his fine, expressive eyes, at any more than usually fervent manifestation of the young mother's gushing love for her first and only born! It was altogether a mystery to me, and I as much as possible forebore to dwell upon the subject.

Nine years passed away without bringing any material change to the parties involved in this narrative, except those which time brings ordinarily in his train.—Young Robert Arbuthnot was a healthy, tall, fine looking lad of his age; and his great-grandpapa, the rector, though not suffering under any actual, physical or mental infirmity, had reached a time of life when the announcement that the golded bowl is broken, or the silver cord is loosed, may indeed be quick and sudden, but scarcely unexpected. Things had gone well, too, with the nurse, Mrs. Danby, and her husband; well, at least, after a fashion. The speculative miller must have made good use of the gift to his wife for her care of little Arbuthnot, for he had built a genteel house near the mill, always rode a valuable horse, kept, it was said, a capital table; and all this, as it seemed, by his clever speculations in corn and flour, for the ordinary business of the mill was almost entirely neglected. He had no children of his own, but he had apparently taken, with much cordiality, to his step-son, a fine lad, now about 18 years of age.—This greatly grieved the boy's mother, who dreaded above all things that her son should contract the evil, dissolute habits of his father-in-law. Latterly, she had become extremely solicitous to procure the lad a permanent situation abroad and this Mr. Arbuthnot had promised should be effected at the earliest opportunity.

Thus stood affairs on the 16th of October, 1846. Mr. Arbuthnot was temporarily absent in Ireland, where he possessed a large property and was making personal inquiries as to the extent of the potato rot, not long before announced. The morning's post had brought a letter to his wife, with the intelligence that he should reach home that very evening; and as the rectory was on the direct road to Elm Park, and her husband would be sure to pull up there, Mrs. Arbuthnot came with her son to pass the afternoon there, and in some slight degree anticipate her husband's arrival.

About three o'clock, a chief clerk of one of the Taunton banks rode up in a little gig to the rectory, and asked to see the Rev. Mr. Townley, on pressing and important business. He was ushered into the library, where the rector and I were at the *moment busily engaged.*—The clerk said he had been to Elm Park, but not finding either Mr. Arbuthnot or his lady there, he had thought that perhaps the Rev. Townley might be able to pronounce upon the genuineness of a cheque for £300, purporting to be drawn on the Taunton bank, by Mr. Abuthnot, and which Danby, the miller, had obtained cash for at Bath. He further added, that the bank had refused payment, and detained the cheque, believing it to be a forgery.

"A forgery!" exclaimed the rector, after merely glancing at the document. "No question that it is, and a very clumsily executed one, too. Besides, Mr. Arbuthnot is not yet returned from Ireland."

This was sufficient; and the messenger, with many apologies for his intrusion, withdrew, and hastened back to Taunton. We were still talking over this sad affair, although some hours had elapsed since the clerk's departure—in fact, candles had been brought in, and we were every moment expecting Mr. Arbuthnot—when the sound of a horse at a hasty gallop was heard approaching, and presently the pale and haggard face of Danby shot by the window at which the rector and myself were standing. The gate bell was rung almost immediately afterwards, and but a brief interval passed before "Mr. Danby" was announced to be in waiting. The servant had hardly gained the passage with leave to show him in, when the impatient visitor rushed rudely into the room, in a state of great, and it seemed angry excitement.

"What, sir, is the meaning of this ill mannered intrusion?" demanded the rector, sternly.

"You have pronounced the cheque I paid away at Bath to be a forgery; and the officers are, I am told, already at my heels. Mr. Arbuthnot, unfortunately, is not at home, and I am come, therefore to seek shelter with you."

"Shelter with me, sir!" exclaimed the indignant rector, moving, as he spoke, towards the bell.—"Out of my house you shall go this instant."

The fellow placed his hand upon the reverend gentleman's arm, and looked with his bloodshot eyes keenly in his face.

"Don't!" said Danby—"don't for the sake of yourself and yours! Don't I warn you; or, if you like the phrase better, don't, for the sake of me and mine."

"Yours, fellow! Your wife, whom you have so long held in cruel bondage through her fears for her son, has at last shaken off that chain. James Harper sailed two days ago from Portsmouth to Bomay. I sent her the news two hours since."

"Ha! Is that indeed so?" cried Danby, with an irrepressible start of alarm. "Why, then ——. But no matter: here, luckily, comes Mrs. Arbuthnot *and her son.* All's right! She will, I know, stand bail for me, and, if need be, acknowlege the genuineness of her husband's cheque."

The fellow's impolence was becoming unbearable, and I was about to seize and thrust him forcibly from the apartment, when the sound of wheels was heard outside. "Hold! one moment," he cried, with fierce vehemence. "That is probably the officers. I must be brief, then, and to the purpose. Pray, madam, do not leave the room for your own sake. As for you, young sir, I *command* to remain!"

"What! what does he mean?" exclaimed Mrs. Arbuthnot, bewilderedly, and at the same time clasping her son—who gazed on Danby with kindled eyes, and angry boyish defiance—tightly to her side. Did the man's *strange words give form and significance to some* dark, shadowy, indistinct doubt that had previously haunted her at times? I judged so. The rector appeared similarly confused and shaken, and had sunk nerveless and terrified upon a sofa.

"You guess dimly, I see, at what I have to say," resumed Danby, with a malignant sneer. "Well, hear it, then, once for all, and then if you will give me up to the officers. Some years ago," he continued, coldly and steadily—"some years ago, a woman, a nurse, was placed in charge of two infant children; one of them was her own, the other was the son of rich, proud parents. The woman's husband was a gay, jolly fellow, who much preferred spending money to earning it, and just then it happened that he was more than usually hard up. One afternoon on visiting his wife, who had removed to a distance, he found that the rich man's child had sickened of the small-pox, and that there was no chance of its recovery. A letter containing the sad news was on a table, which he, the husband, took the liberty to open and read. After some reflection, suggested by what he had heard of the lady-mother's state of mind, he re-copied the letter, for the purpose of embodying in it a certain suggestion. That letter was duly posted, and the next day brought the rich man almost in a state of distraction; but his chief and mastering terror, was lest the mother of the already dead infant should hear, in her then precarious state, of what had happened. The tidings he was sure would kill her. Seeing this, the cunning husband of the nurse, suggested that for the present, his—the cunning one's—child might be taken to the lady as her own, and that the truth be revealed when she was strong enough to bear it. The rich man fell into the artful trap, and that which the husband of the nurse had speculated upon, came to pass even beyond his hopes. The lady grew to idolize her fancied child—she has, fortunately had no other—and now I think it would really kill her to part with him. The rich man could not find it in his heart to undeceive his wife. Every year it became more difficult, more impossible to do so: and very generously I must say, he has paid in purse for the forbearance of the nurse's husband. Well, now then, to sum up: the nurse was Mrs. Danby; the rich, weak husband, Mr. Arbuthnot; the substituted child—that handsome boy—my son!"

A wild scream from Mrs Arbuthnot broke the dread silence which had accompanied this frightful revelation, echoed by an agonized cry, half tenderness, half rage, from her husband, who had entered the room unobserved, and now clasped her passionately in his arms. The carriage wheels we had heard were his. It was long before I could recall with calmness the tumult, terror, and confusion of that scene. Mr. Arbuthnot strove to hear his wife from the apartment, but she should not be forced away, and kept imploring with frantic vehemence that Robert—that her boy should not be taken from her.

"I have no wish to do so—far from it," said Danby, with gleeful exultation. "Only folks must be reasonable and not threaten their friends with the hulks——"

"Give him anything!" broke in the unhappy lady. "O Robert! Robert!" she added with a renewed burst of hysterical grief, "how could you deceive me so?"

"I have been punished, Agnes," he answered in a husky voice, "for my well intending but criminal weakness; cruelly punished by the ever present consciousness that this discovery must one day or other be surely made. What do you want?" he after a while added, with recovering firmness, addressing Danby.

The acknowledgement of the little bit of paper in dispute, of course; and, say a genuine one to the same amount."

"Yes, yes," exclaimed Mrs. Arbuthnot, still wildly sobbing, and holding the terrified boy strained in her embrace, as if she feared he might be wrenched from her by force. "Anything—pay him anything!"

At this moment, chancing to look towards the door of the apartment, I saw that it was partially opened, and that Danby's wife was listening there. What might that mean? But what of helpful meaning in such a case could it have?

"Be it so" said Mr. Arbuthnot soothingly. "Danby call *to-morrow* at the Park. *And now, begone I ones.*"

"I was thinking," resumed the rascal, with swelling audacity, "that we might as well at the same time come to some permanent arrangement upon black and white. But never mind, I can always put the screw on; unless, indeed, you get tired of the young gentleman, and in that case, I doubt not, he will prove a dutiful and affectionate son——Ah, devil! what do you here? Begone, or I'll murder you! Begone do you hear?"

His wife had entered, and silently confronted him.

"Your threats, evil man," replied the woman, quietly, "have no terrors for me now. My soul is beyond your reach. Oh, Mrs. Arbuthnot," she added, turning towards and addressing that lady, "believe not"——

Her husband sprang at her with the bound of a panther. "Silence! Go home, or I'll straugle——" His own utterance was *arrested by the fierce grasp of* Mr. Arbuthnot, who seized him by the throat, and hurled him to the farther end of the room. "Speak on, woman, and quick! quick! What have you to say?"

"That your son, dearest lady," she answered, throwing herself at Mrs. Arbuthnot's feet, "is as truly your own child as ever son born of woman!"

That shout of half-fearful triumph seems now, even now as I write, to wring in my ears! *I felt* that the woman's words were words of truth, but I could not see distinctly: the room whirled round, and the lights danced before my eyes, but I could hear through all the shocking ecstacy of the mother and the fury of the baffled felon.

"The letter," continued Mrs. Danby, "which my husband found and opened, would have informed you, sir, of the swiftly approaching death of *my* child, and that yours had been carefully kept *beyond the reach of* contagion. The letter you received was written without my knowledge or consent. True it is, that terrified by my husband's threats, and in some measure reconciled to the wicked imposition by knowing that, after all, the right child would be in his right place, I afterwards lent myself to Danby's evil purposes. But I chiefly feared for my son, whom I fully believed he would not have scrupled to make away with in revenge for my exposing his profitable fraud. I have sinned; I can hardly hope to be forgiven, but I have now told the sacred truth."

All this was uttered by the repentant woman, but at the time it was almost wholly unheard by those most interested in the statement. They only comprehended that they were saved—that the child was theirs in very truth. Great, abundant, but for the moment, bewildering joy! Mr. Arbuthnot—his beautiful young wife—her true boy (how could she for a moment have doubted that he was her own true boy! you might have read that thought through all her tears, thickly as they fell)—the aged and half stunned rector, whilst for Mrs. Danby was speaking, were exclaiming, sobbing in each other's arms, ay, and praising God, too, with broken voices and inchoerent words it may be, but certainly with fervent, pious, grateful hearts.

When we had time to look about us, it was found that the felon had disappeared—escaped. It was well, perhaps, that he had; better, that he has not been heard of since.

Manufacture of Trifles.

A correspondent of an Eastern paper thus writes from the Manufactories at Waterbury, Mass:

Has your father or grandfather got a pair of old gilded epaulettes not marked "Waterbury?" Open your jack-knife, and see if "Waterbury" is not cut into the blade. Turn over a large ancient, or an all modern gilded, or even yellow button, and "Waterbury" can be spelled around its margin. Look at your wife's—I mean—no matter—hooks and eyes, and see them grin "Waterbury" as they pull hard at each other. There's the end of your cane, the bitts in your horse's mouth, the tool you curry him with, the metal trimmings of your umbrella, the lock of your trunk, and all the unthinkable little bits of metallic civilization, comfort, and ornament, that ever were used or seen hailing from "Waterbury." Only think of a five-story brick building, covering more ground than Greenfield Common, all full of heavy and light machinery, costing anywhere from twenty to fifty thousand dollars, with fifty men and boys making *suspender buckles!* Go to another, where steam puffs off from a thirty-horse engine, and you hear a roaring and crashing, as if 50,000 trip-hammers were pounding the Rocky Mountains, and you find about men very busy in getting out those sixpenny pieces of iron that tip the ends of the handles of cheap knives and forks. There is another concern hissing and snapping, with its $5,000 worth of machines that pull in long coils of wire, and turn out the *eyes* used in the wood and horn buttons,—nothing else. And so you may go from one great shop to another, till you break down in utter amazement at the millions so profitably invested in manufacturing just nothing at all; and come back to the new and well built "Scovill House," for refreshment and quiet. The "Scovill" is an excellent building, and I have reason to believe, is well kept, for I obtained an execution against the chambermaid, directing her to provide a clean bed after having put in a long special plea for that purpose. This is a beautiful village, and in my unpoetic judgment, takes rank next to Great Barrington, though its beauty is of a different kind. It looks like a wealthy town.

Slaving for Money.

We pity the man who wears out his energies in the accumulation of riches, which, when amassed he will have lost the capacity to enjoy. He finds himself at the end of his labors, a guest at his own feast, without an appetite for its dainties. The wine of life is wasted, and nothing remains but the lees. The warm sympathies of his heart have been choked by the inexorable spirit of avarice, and they cannot be resuscitated. The fountain head of his enthusiasm is sealed: he looks at all things in nature and in art with an eye of calculation; hard matter-of-fact is the only pabulum his mind can feed on; the elastic spring of impulse is broken; the poesy of existance is gone.

Are wealth and position an equivalent to those losses? Is not the millionaire, who has acquired wealth at such a cost, a miserable bankrupt? In our opinion, there is little to choose on the score of wisdom between the individual who recklessly squanders his money as he goes along in folly and extravagance, and the false economist who denies himself the wholesome enjoyments of life, in order to swell that treasure which, in the hardening process of scraping up, he had become too mean to spend, and too selfish to give away.

The only rational way to live, is to mix labor with enjoyment—a streak of fat and a streak of lean. There is nothing like a streaky life; a pleasant mixture of exertion, thankfulness, love, jollity and repose. The man who slaves for riches, makes a poor return to that God who took the trouble of making him for a better purpose.

A Cool Plagiarism.—Mr. Webster, in his great India rubber speech at Taunton, related the following anecdote:

May it please your Honors, I remember having heard an anecdote of a celebrated divine, Dr. South—a man of great learning and virtue. He relieved himself of his clerical duties one summer by traveling rather incog.—He went into a country church in the north of England one Sabbath morning, and heard the rector read a sermon. In coming from the church, the rector suspected him to be a brother of the ministry, and spoke to him.—He received the rector's courtes

Political and General News.

A Fire in the Rear by Platoons.

From the National Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, July 3, 1852.

To prevent all mistakes and mi-apprehensions, we, the undersigned, members of Congress, adopt this method of making a joint statement to our constituents, respectively, and to all who may take an interest in the subject, that we cannot support Gen. Scott for the presidency, as he now stands before the American people, for the following amongst other reasons:

He obstinately refused, up to the time of his nomination, to give any public opinion in favor of that series of measures of the last Congress known as the Compromise: the permanent maintenance of which, with us is a question of paramount importance.—Nor has he since his nomination made any declaration of his *approval* of those measures as a final adjustment of the issues in controversy.

It is true the resolutions of the convention that nominated him are as clear and as explicit upon this question as need be; but Gen. Scott, in his letter of acceptance, which contains all that we have had from him on that matter, does not give them the approval of his judgement. This he seems studiously to have avoided. He accepts the nomination, "with the resolutions annexed." That is, he takes the nomination *cum onere*, as an individual takes an estate; with whatever *incumbrances* it may be *loaded* with. And the only pledge and guarantee he offers for his "adherence to the principles of the resolutions" are "the known incidents of a long public life," &c.

Among these "*known incidents*" of his life there *is not one, so far as we are aware of, in favor of the* principles of the Compromise. In one, at least, of his public letters he has expressed sentiments inimical to the institutions of fifteen States of the Union. Since the passage of the Compromise he has suffered his name to be held up before the people of several of the States as a candidate for the Presidency by the open and avowded enemies of those measures. And in the convention that conferred this nomination upon him he permitted himself to be used by the *free-soilers* in that body to defeat Mr. Fillmore and Mr. Webster because of their advocacy of these measures and their firm adherence to the policy that *sustained them*.

To join such men, and aid them in completing their triumph over and *sacrifice* of the true and *tried* friends of the constitution, and the faithful discharge of all its obligations, is what we can never do. The dictates of duty and patriotism sternly forbid it.

We consider Gen. Scott as the *favorite* candidate of the *free soil* wing of the whig party. That his policy, if he should be elected, would be warped and shaped to conform to their views, and to elevate them to power in the administration of the government, can but be considered as a legitimate and probable result. And believing as we do, that the views of that faction of mischievous men are dangerous not only to the just and constitutional rights of the southern States, (which we represent in part,) but to the peace and quiet of the whole country, and to the permanent union of the States, we regard it as the highest duty of the well-wishers of the country every where, whatever else they may do, to at least withhold from *him* their support. This we intend to do.

ALEXANDER H STEPHENS, of Ga.,
CHARLES JAS. FAULKNER, of Va.,
W. BROOKE, of Miss.,
ALEX. WHITE, of Ala.,
JAMES ABERCROMBIE, of Ala.,
R. TOOMBS, of Ga.,
JAMES JOHNSON, of Ga.

For reason to some extent indicated in speeches and addresses heretofore made by the undersigned, they deem it to be their duty to withhold their support from Gen. Scott as a candidate for the Presidency. If it should seem to be necessary, we will hereafter, in some form, exhibit more fully to our constituents the facts and reasons which have brought us to this determination.

M. P. GENTRY, Tenn.,
C. H. WILLIAMS, Tenn.

POLITICAL ITEMS.—The Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle and Sentinel declares, for the second time, that it will not support General Scott. It is equally unwilling to support General Pierce. Its policy is for "the whig party of Georgia to take no part in the contest." It adds:

"We have no other motive in making this suggestion *inaction* than the preservation of the whig party in the State. We want to avoid a collision and conflict of wing with wing in the canvass, and the only way this can be accomplished is *to let the election go by default*; for it is a well ascertained fact, that General Scott was not an acceptable candidate to *one in one hundred whigs* in the State, however a few may, since the nomination, have expressed a willingness to support him, alone because he is the nominee of the whig party. Hence, while a portion would refuse to support either candidate, another portion would vote for Pierce, thus bringing those who profess the same principles in positions directly antagonastic, without the possibility—much less probability—of accomplishing any good; for no man pretends there is any prospect—not the remotest—of carrying the State for Scott."

The Marietta Union and Athens Whig declare for Pierce.

An effort was made to hold a Scott ratification meeting in Griffin a few days since, which failed, from the opposition made to it by whigs.

Judge Lumpkin, of the superior court, and Hon. Ashbury Hull, of Athens, old whigs, have come out for Pierce.

A friend from southwestern Georgia informs us that the whigs in that section are unanimously opposed to General Scott. The Rome Courier (whig) leads us to believe the same is true of the Cherokee country.

THE PRECIOUS METALS—*A carefully prepared* report published in the New York Journal of commerce shows the total amount of gold deposited in the several mints in this country from the first discovery of the mines up to the first of June, to be $118,666,000, to which add the imports for June, and the amounts that have been brought in the hands of passengers, and it is safe to estimate the amount from the productions of the California mines to this date at $200,000 000. It also shows that over and above the exports there are still left an increase of gold coin in this country of about $50,000,000. The total amount of coinage in the United States and its branches, from the time of their first organization, is $23,898,864 59.

"GREAT I AND LITTLE YOU."—Gen. Scott, in his letter accepting the nomination for President is *I* all over and throughout. No less than fifteen times does he thus display *his egotism*. "*I* have had the honor"—"*I* am made to feel"—"*I* lost not a moment"—"*I* now have the honor"—"*I* accept"—"*I* therefore barely suggest"—"what should *I* be elected"—"*I* shall be ready"—"*I* should"—"*I* should seek to cultivate harmony throughout the *whig party*" (not throughout the great body of the people)—"*I* should be rigorous"—"*I* shall neither countenance nor tolerate"—"*I* shall carry"—"*I* can offer no other pledge"—"*I* have the honor to remain."

Again—"*My unanimous* (!) nomination"—"*My* countrymen"—"*My* heart"—"*My* own"—"*My* new position"—"*My* countrymen"—"*My* connection"—"*My* strict adherence"—"feeling *myself*"—"*My* associate"—"*My* obligations."

This letter was deliberately written; every word was carefully weighed and chosen for the public eye; it was not prepared over "a hasty plate of soup," although the writer might have just taken one.

"*Anticipating a fire in front and rear*," this semi official document is put forth, made up of "*fuss and feathers*" with a view to popularity; popular breath cannot inhale it, but will blow it to the winds.

COLD COMFORT.—The following paragraph from the Lowell American (free-soil) may serve to disabuse the minds of those whigs who think that Gen. Scott will get the free-soil votes:

"Let not our whig friends deceive themselves with the idea that we or our party intend to give them the slightest aid and comfort.' As much as we respect open manliness, so in the same proportion do we despise treachery and long-faced pharisaical hypocrisy. *So be it.*"

NEW PRESIDENTIAL TICKET.—The Griffin Union runs up the names of Crittenden for President, and Graham for Vice President. It declares against General Scott; so do the Lagrange Reporter and Washington (Georgia) Gazette—all Union Whig papers. The Gazette goes for Pierce and King.—*Augusta Constitutionalist.*

Collision between the Steamboat America, and the Propeller City of Oswego.

ABOUT FIFTEEN LIVES LOST.

Last night, between eleven and twelve o'clock, the Steamboat *America*, from Cleveland, and the propeller *City of Oswego*, from Oswego, came into collision some three or four miles off Chagrin.—The former was bound for Buffalo; the latter for this city. The force of the collision was so tremendous that the propeller sunk within ten or fifteen minutes, going down head foremost in about six fathoms of water.

The loss of life, as far as ascertained, is as follows:

Mrs. Ann Green, (wife of John Green) of Oswego, aged 22;

Miss Amanda Wise, of Oswego, aged 14;

Mrs. Miles Hotchkiss, and daughter, of Oswego;

Mr. James Pinckney, of Cleveland, aged 45;

Mr. James Callahan, wife, and three children, of Oswego;

The passenger list of the boat being lost, the names are of course not given in full. No one on board the *America* was injured. The boat suffered considerable damage, and will probably be laid up awhile for repairs. She returned with the passengers saved, arriving here about three o'clock this morning. She brought the body of an elderly lady, supposed to be Mrs. Skinner, who took passage on the propeller from Oswego. The remains were made the subject of a coroner's inquest, at nine o'clock this forenoon, at which the following essential evidence relative to the sad calamity was elicited.

Capt. Bartholomew testified that he is captain of the *America*. She left port about twenty minutes of ten—that, at time of collision, second mate was on watch, and that it was a starlight night—that the boat sunk about eighteen minutes after the collision.

Capt. WM. WILLIAMS—Am Captain of the propeller *City of Oswego*; was coming up; run into 13 or 14 miles, I should think, from Cleveland; the lake was *smooth and there was starlight*.—At the time the collision it was the first mate's watch. I heard the bell toll; saw the *America* coming apparently about two or three lengths off; tolled the bell again; hailed her twice; nobody answered; judging from the foam at her bow she was going at the rate of ten or twelve miles an hour; the propeller was moving about three or four miles an hour, as the engine had failed from five o'clock yesterday morning; was in bed at the time; came out and saw collision was inevitable and ran aft. The *America* struck once, rebounded and struck again. I heard Capt. Bartholomew on deck doing what he could to help us. I instantly turned my attention to getting out our boats. I took charge of one, Mr. Perry of the other; picked up some passengers and put them on the America; returned; picked up deceased who was floating on the water; saw no more bodies floating; think there are some in the propeller now; think some fifteen lives were lost, *among them the 21 mate and one fireman*; lost passenger list, papers and money; believe collision could have been avoided by the America keeping to the right as is the custom, or by stopping her engine; saw no one on deck out the man at the wheel; he did not answer my hail; when we first saw her were going S. W. half W; turned to avoid her.

WM. S. WILCOX, sworn—Am 1st mate of the propeller City of Oswego; was on watch; saw light of the America first four or five miles, perhaps, ahead. We were *heading for each other*. Told steersman to keep out more on one side; when we first made her we were steering S. W. half W.; when we struck we were steering W. by S. She seemed to be constantly coming towards us.—When she was within 10 or 12 rods I rung the bell; Capt. Williams came on; I hallooed "you'll be into us!" heard no answer even when we struck.—The America seemed to be going at full speed. I ran aft in time to escape and when she struck the second time on the rebound, I jumped aboard the America with two others. She struck us on the larboard bow. (The remainder of this testimony corroborated with that of the Captain.)

MILES HODGKISS, sworn—Saw deceased on board; think her name is Mrs. Skinner; had no family with her; don't know where she was going. I had a wife and 3 children on board; my wife and little girl were lost; my two sons were saved; could not tell how long it was after the propeller was struck before she went down.

William Yankee sworn: Was at the wheel of the *America* when the collision took place. Our course was N. E. by E. ½ E. We were about off Chagrin. Heard no voice from the propeller. When I saw the light, I rang bell, and hailed our second mate. Light was off the starboard bow. After I had rung stopping bell, the mate appeared and rang the backing bell. The mate appeared in a minute or two after I had *rung the stopping bell*. Saw the mate five or ten minutes before I called him. When I rung the bell, the propeller was ten or fifteen rods off. I had been at the wheel a quarter of an hour before the collision took place. The light on the propeller was white. (We understood the witness to say that her signal lights were hid by her jib.)

The jury returned a verdict of death by drowning, in consequence of the collision of the two boats.

Of the culpability involved in this sad affair, it is difficult to decide. The evidence drawn out by the coroner's inquest would not warrant us in pronouncing an opinion. It was necessarily hasty, and not sufficiently complete.

We learn from passengers upon the *America* that the officers and others were unremitting in their efforts to save the sufferers. This was the first trip of the *City of Oswego* upon this lake.

The *America* had but few passengers. Her load was made up mainly of sheep and cattle.

THE FIXED PRINCIPLES OF GENERAL SCOTT.—The Hartford *Times*, with praiseworthy zeal and perseverance, has been diligently engaged in endeavoring to counteract the evil effects which the versatility of principles attributed to General SCOTT *has had and is having among* his Whig friends.—This has been done in a spirit of pure philanthropy, for the *Times* is staunchly democratic. However, after a long search, the editor *cannot fix* Gen. Scott's principles, and to show the folly of wasting any time in the matter, he produces the subjoined testimony:

On the 2d of January, 1817, General Scott wrote a letter to Andrew Jackson, saying that he (Scott) would not accept a challenge from General Jackson, being restrained "by a sense of religion," and "by patriotic motives."

On April 6, 1819, De Witt Clinton issued his card, charging General Scott with dishonorable conduct, and with having perverted the truth.

About the year 1820, De Witt Clinton was elected Governor of New York, and was required to swear in his oath of office that he would not be concerned directly or indirectly, in any duel.

As soon as Governor Clinton had bound himself by his oath, *not* to fight any duel, General Scott challenged him to fight a duel! The challenge was given on account of the card here alluded to, issued a year previously. Gen. Scott's "sense of religion" and "patriotic scruples," had vanished. The truth is, General Scott *has no fixed principles*, and being a weak and exceedingly vain man, he places himself in a ridiculous position as often as he attempts to act upon any well defined principle.

Governor Clinton could not, of course, accept the challenge, but informed General Scott "that he would hold his challenge under advisement until General Scott should settle an unadjusted difficulty between himself and one A. Jackson."

HYDROPHOBIA CURED.—A son of Mr. Waite, of Cincinnati, as we learn from the *Gazette*, was recently seized with hydrophobia, but by judicious treatment he has entirely recovered, though a running wound is intended to be kept up where the lad was bitten, in order to prevent the possibility of a return of the symptoms. The vesicles which formed under the tongue rapidly disappeared under administration of Lachesis, a medicine prepared from the virus of the lance-headed adder, which was given as an antidote to the poison, and the spasms were prevented by the use of belladonna and other remedies.

THE COST OF WHIG RULE.—The fact is fully ascertained from the record, that this whig administration through the first three years of his existence has spent a larger sum of money yearly to carry on the government in time of peace than Mr. Polk's administration spent yearly with the Mexican war on its hands. This is surely a fact which must set the people to thinking whether Whig executive rule does not cost more than it is worth. It must, as we should judge, bring men's minds to the conclusion, that to elect another Whig President will not be good economy.—*Evening Argus.*

Erie Weekly Observer.

ERIE, PA.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 17, 1852.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE,

OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

WM. SEARIGHT of Fayette County.

☞ We are indebted to Gen Sam Houston, and Hon. Richard H. Broadhead, of the Senate, and Hon. John L. Dawson and Hon. C. B. Curtis, of the House for valuable congressional favors.

A Proposition.

Having a great regard for our whig friends, we propose to send all who may favor us with their address, the *Observer* for one year, payable at our advance price—$1 50—when Gen Pierce is elected President. This offer, of course, is only open to responsible men. Whig Post Masters, and responsible whigs generally, are authorized to procure names on these terms—*with the understanding*, however, that they will be held responsible for the amount, should the persons to whom the paper is thus sent *fail* to pay within one month from the time it is ascertained that Gen. Pierce is elected President. We append this latter condition, because we took a few subscribers on similar terms last fall, and although it is pretty well ascertained that Bigler is Governor, *we have'nt seen the pay for our papers yet*.

Now gentlemen whigs, send in your names—here is a first rate chance to get a paper a year for nothing, *if you believe your own professions!* If our side should happen to win, as in '44—a thing improbable, *you say*—why you loose nothing, for the paper is certainly worth the price.

O, Such a Fizzle.

"But yesterday, the word of Cæsar might
Have stood against the world; now lies he there,
And none so poor to do him reverence."

The long agony is over—the mountain has labored and brought forth a—Scott ratification meeting in Erie, and if its name was not Mouse, it certainly was—Fizzle! Never did the faithful labor with more zeal to make a demonstration in Erie, than to get up the meeting on Thursday night, and never did their investment in that line pay less. Their call, numerously signed, was extensively circulated; in addition to which, the remnant of the Market House clique, and some of their "illustrious successors," were personally out rallying their forces. The night came, the bell rung, the cannon, purchased expressly for the occasion, boomed out its warning that the time for action had arrived: but the people that were wont to rally en mass at the toll of that same old bell, were not there. The enthusiasm of 1840, '44 and '48 was entirely wanting—

But yesterday the word of Cæsar might
Have stood against the world;

But now,—

"Farewell, a long farewell, to all his greatness."

Candidly we do not believe there were over one hundred all told, whigs, boys and Democrats, present. And as for the enthusiasm, except what was displayed by the man with the big cane thumping one of the innocent benches, it did'nt show itself. The ball was opened, after the organization, by our eloquent friend Elijah. He recounted, in sentences long drawn out, and with actions bold, the history, perils and results of the Baltimore convention, as viewed by himself as delegate from this district. The most important piece of information he treated us to, was the discovery he had made while absent—(our devil thinks he never discovered it at *home*)—that all the *handsome* ladies are whigs, and he was very anxious some of his bachelor *friends should tell the reason*. Here the big cane made a tremendous noise, and the boys whistled as much as to say—what a whopper! Our amiable friend Walker then, with one eye on Congress and the other on the big cane, launched out into the blood and thunder drum and fife line of argument, or rather declamation. The big cane now redoubled its attack upon the unoffending bench, the orator waxed more eloquent—(in his own estimation)—the boys began to get sleepy and drop off home—the tallow candles began to run down and grow dim, and as we concluded the big cane would soon get tired, and as the fun was about over, we retired too. Soon after we heard the bell tolled, and we presume the mourners were dismissed. And thus lived and died, blazed and went out, the first Scott demonstration in Erie.

☞ We are pleased to see that the Democracy of the Fayette district, in this State, have re-nominated their present able and eloquent member, Gen. Dawson, for Congress. He is one of the most talented and popular members of the present Congress, and it would be a misfortune to Pennsylvania to lose his services, and she will not; he will be re-elected by a decisive majority.

☞ "A Daniel come to judgment! Yea, a Daniel."—*Shakspeare.*

It is not very probable the immortal Bard, quoted above, had our *learned* neighbor of the *Commercial* in view when he penned this line, yet one cannot help exclaiming, upon reading that worthy savan's "helter-skelter, dodge and thrust" attempts at newspaper criticism, "Yea, a second Daniel" has surely come among us. In proving Gen. Scott is *not* a Catholic,—which impression, it appears, the Editor is afraid will hurt the General's prospects among the faithful in Erie county—our Daniel quotes from, what he calls, Gen Scott's "own testimony," which "testimony" is an extract from his "*native*" letter to Reid in 1811. In the very next article, in the same column, in attempting to relieve Scott of the odium of "Nativism," the Editor tells us "*it is a matter of doubt whether Gen. Scott ever wrote the letter.*" Now to our un-learned, un-disciplined mind, it would appear that a letter which is Gen Scott's "own testimony" to prove him no Catholic, ought to be Gen. Scott's "own testimony" to prove him a *Native American!* Perhaps, however, as our *learned* friend is a Lawyer he has discovered a new rule of evidence, by which a certain letter is the culprit's "own testimony" to prove him one thing, but is a gross forgery when used to prove him another. Verily, is he not a "Daniel, Yea, a second Daniel!"

☞ VERY TRUE.—The *Gazette* says the whig party in Pennsylvania—and especially in Erie county—is a *unit* in support of Scott and Graham! Very true—when the votes come to be counted, they will read thus: Scott and Graham, units, tens—Pierce and King, hundreds, thousands!

☞ We have heard of a family in this County, containing five or six *Democratic* votes, all of which will be cast for Scott and Graham, doubtless many instances of this sort could, with a little attention, be cited.—*Gazette*

The above is pure fiction, we have no doubt; but here is a case that is not. One of the signers of the call for the Scott rally on Thursday night—and a whig, true and staunch—has been offering to bet, and we understand the offer is still open, $10,000 in Bonds of the Erie Canal Company on the election of Pierce. He has also $500 on each state in the Union which he wishes to invest in the same way. He says he is bound to vote for Scott, but that will not prevent him from making a "ten strike" on Frank Pierce, if any of his whig friends are sanguine enough to risk their dimes. We call this backing ones friends—in a horn!

☞ The Washington correspondent of the New York Express, says that Col. Wm. B. Campbell, the present *Governor of Tennessee, who served in the Mexican war* has "telegraphed to the Tennessee members of Congress that he will not support the nomination" of Scott.

☞ The life of Gen. Pierce has been published at Baltimore in German, with a fine portrait, and a song on the nominee to be sung in the original language of the fatherland.

Religious Toleration in Politics.

"O, how full of briers is this working-day world."—*Shakespeare.*

The whig party has certainly fallen upon "troublesome times," and its leaders, we doubt not, are ready to exclaim with Shakespeare amended, "O, how full of briers is this Locofoco world." Whichever way they turn trouble meets them in the face—whatever political path they take, it is soon found "full of briers," ready to lacerate their feelings and retard their progress. The nomination of PIERCE was their first trouble, and present appearances indicate that it will be a sore one even to the end. They had prepared for discensions in the Democratic ranks, but they have found unity of action, unity of feeling, and unity of purpose. Where they counted upon shouts of division, as in '48, they have found cheering responses of confidence and hope! But this was not the full length and breadth of the "sea of trouble, before them!! They were troubled to find an open spot to attack the Democratic nominee, his coat of mail being so well put together, and his position so impregnable. But desperate cases require desperate remedies, and the charge soon became bruted abroad that Pierce was inimical to the Catholic portion of the people because he resided in a State, the Constitution of which has an anti-republican "religious test." This was greedily seized upon, and we soon find the whole kennel of party organs, "Tray, Blanche, and Sweetheart," all in full cry, and as fierce as one of Gen. Taylor's blood-hounds upon the track of a Seminole! They became all at once great friends of the Catholics; great champions of Catholic rights, and fierce denunciators of Catholic wrongs—particularly in New Hampshire! They forgot their Philadelphia church burning sympathies!—they forgot their wholesale denunciation of the lamented SHUSH for walking in a Catholic procession in Pittsburgh!—they forgot every thing, but that the Constitution of New Hampshire, adopted before our nominee was born, excluded Catholics from holding office! For this they held him accountable!—for this they denounced the Democracy, and called upon all Catholics to abjure the Democratic faith, and thus allow their "sectarianism" "to become a motive in political action!" The bait, however, didn't take, for it aroused inquiry and inquiry exhibited Gen. Pierce in the Convention called to amend the Constitution, and before the people, eloquently seeking to have the "religious test" stricken out. Inquiry showed more—it exhibited prominent whigs, such as the whig candidate for Governor, opposing Pierce in these efforts! The Catholics were not to be caught with that bait, and hence our whig friends dropped it, to use a homely simile, "like a hot potatoe." Not, however, until they got their fingers burnt, for in the early stage of their zeal to secure the Catholic vote, they more than intimated that Scott was entitled to Catholic sympathy and support because he was about half a Catholic himself, having allowed his daughter to be reared and educated in a convent, and as Commander-in-Chief of the Army in Mexico, had protected Catholic Churches from being despoiled, and compelled his Army to observe Catholic usages and ceremonies on public days. This they thought at the time a capital stroke of policy—a beautiful net in which to catch votes! But lo! a change came over the spirit of their blissful dreams; for, instead of having the desired effect with the denomination it was intended to "draw on," the members of that church could see and plain as their self-constituted tutors that such a course on the part of Scott was nothing more than what prudence and duty, and the orders of his superior, the President commanded: and that its being brought to their notice at this particular juncture was not because these whig Editors respected the Catholics and their religion, but because they loved power and place, and thought by "mixing sectarianism with politics"—making it "a motive in political action"—they might obtain both! It was about the time these new whig opponents of "mixing religion in politics" found the "investment would not pay," that the fact seemed to dawn upon them that, if "*sectarianism*" was to enter into the contest—that if a man's qualifications for official trust were to be measured by his sectarian creed—the Protestant portion of their own party would, in all probability, be found in the field anxiously inquiring, like Daniel Webster, "where are we to go?" And it was then, and not till then, they became fully impressed with the acknowledged truth that "religion should be kept aloof from politics." Having made this discovery after a great deal of trouble, however, it is to be hoped they will now stick to it, and that we shall hear no more of sectarian appeals for votes. It is a truth the Democracy have long taught. It is no new creed with them; it is a fundamental plank in the Democratic faith that "religion should be kept aloof from politics." But is it so with the whigs?—has their past course demonstrated it?—is their present position in consonance with it? These are important queries, and the answer, we apprehend, if given in accordance with the facts and the evidence will be in the negative. If the whig party does not occupy the unenviable position of having endeavored to "make sectarianism a "motive in political action," why is it deemed necessary by its organs now to prove Gen. Scott no Catholic! What if he is a Catholic—what if he is a Presbyterian—what if he is a Methodist—will either proposition array a portion of the whig party against him? If it will, by whom have that portion been taught to carry their sectarianism to the ballot-box, if not by their political teachers! Where have they learned to trample under foot one of the fundamental principles of a free government, if not in their party relations! Again, were it surmised that Gen. Scott leaned towards the Methodist or Presbyterian, or, in fact, any church but of the Catholic, would these "teachers in whiggery" be so anxious to prove its untruth! We hardly think they would! Indeed, we are inclined to the belief that so far from it they would eagerly seize upon the fact, and claim it as a merit, rather than give it as a reason why "whigs propose not to vote for him"—Gen Scott! The imperative necessity, therefore, these political teachers find themselves driven to, to prove Gen Scott is not a member of a particular church, spouse trumpet-tounged in condemnation, and in proof, of their hitherto sectarian teachings.

☞ COMING IN.—Martin Van Buren has written a manly letter endorsing the nomination of Pierce; and we see, in this connection, that the Hon. Robert Rantoul, an eloquent Massachusetts Democrat, who for a few years past, has acted with the Free Soil party, has come to "himself again." There was a grand mass meeting of the Democracy of the 2d congressional district of Massachusetts on the 5th instant, on which occasion Mr. Rantoul made an eloquent and powerful speech, in the course of which he declared his intention to support Gen. Pierce for the Presidency. The speaker was greeted with the most enthusiastic applause.

☞ The Homestead Law of Illinois, which secured the possession of a homestead to every family, of $1000, if they had so much, has just been repealed by a called session of the Legislature of that State. Its operation was such as to call for a general demand for repeal.—Such laws, like precocious children, are generally short lived.

☞ When in Mexico, Gen. Scott is represented to have written to the War Department at Washington, "Keep your d——d *Foreigners* at home. I want *Native American* soldiers." This story, we presume, is no less true than that which would fix upon Gen. Pierce the stain of cowardice, which the honorable Whig editors of this city and elsewhere have been striving to fix upon him.

☞ Another Yankee Yacht has been victorious in a British Yacht race at Birkenhead lately. It was the sloop Truant of 3½ tons, taken over for the purpose by Mr. Grinnell, of New York. She beat three model yachts with the greatest ease.

☞ ALL RIGHT.—Hon. Wm. Wright, the Whig candidate for Governor of New Jersey in 1847, has come out in favor of Pierce and King, against Gen Scott.—Mr Wright is a gentleman of much influence in that State, and will prove a serious thorn in the flesh of whiggery there.

☞ The Whig papers seem to be sorely troubled because John Van Buren has not gone somewhere to fight a duel with N. P. Willis. There is another man who did not seem inclined to fight on a certain occasion because of his "religious scruples," but who afterwards forgot these "religious scruples," and challenged Gov. Clinton, yet these papers have not said anything about that.

That "Fire in the Rear" by Platoons.

We publish in another column a communication to the "*National Intelligencer*," from nine whig members of Congress, repudiating the nomination of Scott, and declaring their determination to oppose his election.—This is emphatically a "fire in the rear" by platoons, and it argues any thing but success to "availability" and "military glory." This movement is an important one—important in its influence, and important in its results: and however much certain interested Editors, with Free Soil tendencies, may affect to sneer at it, and attempt to belittle the influence of the signers of this manifesto, the fact is incontestible that it more than insures several heretofore doubtful whig States—states that cast their votes for Taylor in 1848—for Gen Pierce! The *Tribune* and the *Times* say they are glad these malcontents have left the whig ranks—their echoes throughout the country, as in duty bound, re-echo the same gartification; and we cannot say we are at all sorry. Not so, however, with the New York *Courier and Enquirer*, a paper that has probably more political sagacity than all the *Tribunes* and *Times*, and their echoes, in the land. That paper, although a supporter of Gen. Scott, cannot blind itself to the disaster such a revolt as this is likely to bring upon his cause. Hear it:

"In another column may be found the most important political manifesto that has appeared since the Baltimore Convention. It is a joint declaration of nine whig members of Congress that they will not support Gen. Scott as a candidate for the Presidency. The movement can not be regarded as a merely local one, inasmuch as those who participate in it are representatives from five different States. It is understood, and we firmly believe correctly so, that certain whig members from three other States, Florida, North Carolina and Kentucky, are about to make public a similar determination, so that in fact an emphatic voice of repudiation of the Baltimore nominee has, or straightway will come from every slaveholding State having a single whig member in Congress, except Maryland, Louisiana, and Missouri. The demonstration is as important in character as in extent. The parties to it are known to be politicians of much ability, experience, and influence, comprising indeed, so far as these attributes are concerned, the very flower of the whig Southern Delegation of the House of Representatives. Some of them have labored for a while life time in the whig cause, and to their exertions more than to any other agency has it been owing that the Districts and even the States where they live were not long since given over to the occupancy of the enemy.

Now it is neither wise nor profitable, like one of our neighbors, to blind one's eyes to these developments by thrusting the head in the sand, nor, like another, to speak of them only in the language of taunt and derision. Such a defection in the most exposed wing of the whig party is a misfortune, and one to be plainly understood and seriously considered. We regret its occurrence, and none the less so because it verifies our predictions and realizes our warnings. It is incontestable that the nomination of Daniel Webster would have averted all movements like this and kept the whole whig line unbroken. Again and again did we, with all the ardor that anxiety for the success of whig principles could inspire, urge this as a controlling reason for that nomination. Again and again did we show that the inevitable effect of the selection of Gen Scott would be to produce sectional opposition, an open rupture, and final defeat. But all reasoning upon the matter was vain. The old soldier was nominated, and though he has had the advantage of being furnished with the strongest possible platform to stand upon, the evidences of the inexpediency of the act are every day becoming more painfully manifest."

☞ The editor of the Alb. Knickerbocker, who was a member of the Whig Convention that nominated Gen. Scott for the Presidency, says: "The nomination of Gen. Scott disposes of three things—Fillmore's hopes, Webster's prospects, and Hugh Maxwell's influence.—*It takes the back bone out of the Silver Grays, and leaves nothing for them to do but to fret, snarl, and die.*"

Harmoneous Whiggery.

A Backhanded Compliment.

Mr. Webster is evidently not very well pleased with the nomination of Gen. Scott. He don't denounce the "military candidate" it is true, for that would annihilate the "rusty" General's hopes at once—he prefers to hit him slily under the ribs, and thus keep him in suspense until the Democracy finishes him in November. There is a spice of cruelty in "Black Dan's" composition, which he has more than once exhibited in his political controversies, and which he is now indulging at the expense of what he styles "a successful military man"—The other day he went to Boston, and as Boston could not give him the nomination, she determined so give him a grand reception. Well, Boston "done it up brown"—such another procession was never in sight of Faneuil Hall before; it is said to have contained over 30,000 people, and when Mr. Webster responded, among other things, he said:

"And now, gentlemen, I have only to say to you that at my time of life I am not likely to adopt any sudden change. (*Renewed applause.*) *No man can foresee the future*; I prefer to foresee nothing; the future is not ours—the present is all we can claim. I now thank you for the great kindness and regard you have always shown me. I thank you more especially for the civic procession of this day. Many of you are known to me and some of the young are unknown: I ought to express my particular thanks to the military, who made so fine a display.—*You all know, gentlemen, that it is not my fortune to be a successful military man* (Great laughter.) I am nothing, (renewed laughter,)—nothing but a hard working, painstaking, drudging civilian, giving my life and health and strength to the maintenance of the Constitution, and the upholding, to the best of my ability, under the providence of God, the liberties of my country."

We call that cool—very cool; and if the Scott whigs did'nt feel a good deal like "caving in about the knees," there is no use in sarcasm!

☞ That remarkable paper, the *Commercial*, will stick to it that "River and Harbor improvements," are "internal improvements," notwithstanding all we and Dr. Wayland can say to the contrary. Well, we don't blame it for disputing our word, but it is really unkind in our *learned* cotemporary to pronounce what Dr. Wayland says a "milk and water definition." We know the Doctor, although a very respectable professor in one of our best colleges, is no match in point of intellect and learning to this Editor—his sneers at the Doctor are peculiarly unkind, if not ungenerous. Whether the Dr will suppress his widely circulated work hereafter, or whether he will forthwith amend that portion devoted to improvements in accordance with the very lucid views of he of the *Commercial*, are matters which we will not pretend to determine. If he concludes on the latter course, we beg leave to suggest that he secure the services of the Editor of the *Commercial* to point out the exact language in the constitution empowering Congress to "*commence and carry on a general system of internal improvements.*" We have looked over that instrument, and we can't find it—we have asked our cotemporary to find it for us, but as yet he has'nt put his finger on it—Perhaps he will however, for the Professor.

But the *Commercial* says we "know the Democratic party has declared, and at various times acted its opposition to 'internal improvements,' even going so far as to pronounce them *unconstitutional*." That is true: the truest thing the *Commercial* ever said; the Democratic party has so declared, and so acted, and we have sustained the party in both, and we mean to again. But, continues the *Commercial*, "He (we) knows, moreover, that the improvements of the harbors on the Lakes, and the repairing of piers, removing snags from rivers, opening their channels, and improving the landings, in a word 'River and Harbor Improvements,' are called and are 'Internal Improvements.'" Now, we beg leave to say we know no such thing. The best authors on Political Economy say they are not the same. Gen. Jackson, in his messages says, they are not the same; and more than that he acted as he believed, for while he did not fail to veto "internal improvement" bills, he signed "river and harbor improvement" bills. More than that, there has never been a dollar expended for river and harbor improvements but through the instrumentality of Democratic votes; and moreover, every work that has been commenced of any importance of this character, has been under Democratic administrations. These facts are sufficient answers to all the twattle the *Commercial* can manufacture, or borrow!

☞ H. J. Hastings, who represented Albany in the Whig National Convention, says in his paper—"We cannot see how the friends of freedom and Kossuth can do otherwise than throw their influence in favor of the democrats." Our neighbor of the *Commercial* went it strong for "Kusshoot;" what does he say to that!

☞ At a Democratic meeting at Freemont, Sandusky county, Ohio, John L. Green, until now a prominent Whig, was called upon to make a speech, and announced that he should vote for Pierce and King.

☞ The Southern *Star*, an able newspaper published at Jackson, Miss., which has heretofore held a position of neutrality as to national politics, has come out for Pierce and King. The *Atlanta Intelligencer*, a Georgia paper, until now neutral, has run up the flag of Pierce and King, and entertained zealously for the defeat of the Gallphins.

New Advertisements.

ON HAND.

JUST Received at No. 9, Brown's Block State street.
Graham's Magazine for August.
Godey's " " "
Ballou's " " "
And "A Romance of Life in New York, or the Secret order of the Seven." Erie July 17—10 DURLIN & SLOAN.

TO PRINTERS.

JUST received at No. 9 Brown's Block, by the subscribers, large assortment of Mather's superior

Fine Book, Job, and News Ink.

in 20, 25 and 50lb kegs, and 1 in cans of 10lb each—A No. Red, and Blue Ink. Those in want cannot find a better price or Erie July 17 1852 10 DURLIN & SLOAN.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Cheap Books and Stationery!!

DURLIN & SLOAN

NO. 9 Brown's Block, state st., Erie, Pa., would call attention to their large assortment of Books and Stationery, comprising Histories, Biographies, Travels, Poetry, Classical and Juvenile Books, Letter Paper, Cap, Letter and Note Papers, Envelopes, Steel Pens, &c.

The following are a few of our prices by which the reader can judge somewhat of the rest of the stock, viz:

Quarto Bibles, from	$	$75 to $6.00
Pocket "	50	1.00
Blank Books, Cap H. B. per qr.	1.5	37
" " F. B. "	25	50
Steel Pens, per gross	62	1.00
Envelopes, " 1000	1.25	2.25
Playing Cards per doz	75	1.00
Cottage Ink, the best in market, per doz.		75

And every thing else in proportion. Call and examine qualities and prices, and we are confident we shall be able to satisfy you that No. 9, is the place to buy cheap.

☞ Any quantity of Rags wanted in exchange for Books, at 3 cents per pound.

☞ A liberal reduction from these and corresponding prices, made to those who buy to sell again.

N B. A good canvasser wanted to solicit subscribers for two popular works, at which good wages can be made, as each book sold yields a profit of from 75 cents to $4.

Erie, July 17 1852 10

Notice to the City Collectors and Tax Payers.

THE following Resolution was adopted by the City Council, Monday evening, July 12, 1852: *Resolved*, By the Select and Common Councils, that the City Collectors be required to collect and pay over to the Treasurer one thousand dollars each week for twenty days. Erie July 17—2t10 W. H. SANDERSON, Clerk

NOTICE.

Office Erie and North East Railroad Company,
Erie, July 8 1852

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of this Company that a dividend of three per cent has been declared out of the earnings of the road for the last five months, to the 1st July, payable at the Office in this city on the 15th inst.

By order of the Board of Directors.

July 17—3t—10 J. C. SPENCER, Sec'y

NOTICE WITH A MEANING.

I WISH it now distinctly understood by *all persons interested* that my old business must be closed up without any further delay, and at cost as it can be avoided on the part of those owing me either by note or account or this can only be done by making settlement or calling at my store before the 1st of next September. I mean in this matter *exactly what I say*.

Erie July 17 1852 10 J. B. CLARK

Settlement! Settlement!!

PERSONS in debted to us will please call and settle on or before the tenth day of August, next.

Erie July 17—10 J. B GUNNISON & CO

PETROLEUM.

"*The Cry is still they Come*"

GREENFIELD, Huron Co. Ohio Jan. 15th 1852

MR S. MCKEEN—Dear Sir:—Some three weeks ago your agent left me two gallons of your Petroleum to have sold out. I want more—you will please send me four dozen, in care of T. W. Crowell & Co.,

☞ THE FIRE SPREADING.—We are pleased to record the fact that all the old Democrats, who went off from the party on the wild Buffalo chase of 1848, are wheeling into line for PIERCE and KING in beautiful order and force. Never was a party so thoroughly united as ours is now—never such a cordial determination evinced to defeat our opponents, and restore the government into the hands of the party that has stood by the country in peace and war—that has by its policy, added State after State, till the original thirteen has increased to thirty-one, and belted the entire continent with a belt of commerce from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

☞ THAT'S SO!—The N. Y. *Mirror*, (whig) in noticing the letters of the Democratic nominees, accepting their nomination says, "they are both open, manly expressions, every way worthy the chosen leaders of a powerful and intelligent party. The writers of such letters have a right to be beaten *by other weapons than lies and vulgarity*."

☞ In 1844 the Whigs went through the campaign with the emblem of 'Coon. They have now discarded the 'Coon, and in its place put a Soup Bowl. What an improvement!

☞ WANTED—Wanted 500 subscribers—Whig in preference, (*Observer*,) payable when Pierce is elected—Democrats, walk up, gentlemen, and help break the fall!

☞ THE Tribune is some of the "pepper" used in the Buffalo "thick plate of soup" Scott sat down to: the Boston *Bee* still keeps at the head of its editorial column "President Daniel Webster." It also says a Pierce club is forming in that city composed of 250 Whigs—men. The Trenton (N. J.) *True Democrat* says: We are informed that there is a "Pierce Club" in Newark, composed of about 250 original whigs.

☞ Carlton & Phillips, No. 290 Mulberry street, New York, are about to issue "The National Magazine, devoted to Literature! Art, Religion, and General Intelligence." It will *appear monthly*, at $2 a year, or six copies for $10.

☞ A Whig editor out in Illinois is excusing Greeley of the *Tribune* for declaring that he *scorned* the whig platform—he would *spit* upon it! He says Greeley dont use tobacco, lives on Graham bread, never eats meat, cream, therefore, *safely spit wherever he pleases*, without violating the decency party.

☞ AN OMEN.—The large transparency in front of the Broadway House, New York, a full length portrait of Gen. Scott, took fire on the Fourth of July, and was entirely consumed. The N. Y. Times says, it was found necessary to take it down in order to preserve the buildings, which is occupied as the Head Quarters of the whig party, from total destruction.

THEY GIVE IT UP!—A Cincinnati correspondent of the *Urbana* Citizen, (Ohio) a whig paper of the ultra stripe, writes as follows, which is but a slight indication of the depressed spirit of Whiggery:

"The whigs might just as well *give up*, for it will be no use to run in '44—we'll be be like the Mexicans made. I knew General Scott is *semi* in a chapparel fight, but there is a certain inequality in the political field that will permit artillery or dragoons to manœuver at all to advantage. He will have to depend entirely on the rank and file. He can't even carry Ohio, as Clay did, for now '44 Old Nick has bought up the State, 'from the center of the earth even to the Heavens,' and given it to the Democratic party. I tell you it's no use kicking against the pricks, or knocking at the door of the White House, for none but good looking people can get in."

☞ The Buffalo *Rough Notes* calls for a cargo of *famishing mails*. Cannot somebody relieve the dear man.—*Observer*.

Just so—relieve him by all means; he wants to raise a name for Scott and Graham!

☞ Hon John Henderson, formerly a Whig Senator in Mississippi, is now a zealous supporter of Pierce and King.

☞ On Saturday week, Gen. Toombs made a speech in Congress, in which he took strong ground against Gen. Scott.

☞ The Buffalo Courier states that the whigs of that city are betting that Scott will not carry New York, Ohio or Pennsylvania.

☞ DON'T COMPLAIN.—Don't complain, gentlemen; our paper must be political all over from this time until Pierce is elected in November. It can't be helped, and we would'nt help it if we could. We have enlisted for the campaign, and we intend to go through with it.

☞ Com. Charles Stewart has presented to the young democracy of Bordentown, New Jersey, a noble hickory tree, eighty feet high, which was raised on Wednesday last "Old Ironsides" thus manifests the interest he takes in the action of Pierce and King.

☞ William S. Parkem, Esq., one of the whig Electors in Louisiana, declines to serve in that capacity, as he has determined not to support Gen. Scott. Louisiana is going for Scott, is it?

☞ One of our exchanges indulges in the following extravagant burst of "political fire" upon the "manifesto" of the Southern Whigs:

"Look from the "Toombs" a doleful sound;
Attend the cry;
Bellmer, Brooke and White,
Are shortly die.
Gentry, Williams,

[illegible] the ones,

[illegible] EASE.—The following extract is from the proprietor of *Cherry Pectoral*.

"He is a man than the ruling Pasha of Trebizond at Erzroum, shows the peculiarities of Oriental eccentricity.

To Dr. C. Ayer: the Chemist of rare learning at Lowell, in Massachusetts, and the United States.

GOD IS GREAT FOREVER:

I have received your letter of affectionate love; with the present of choice Essence in Bottles, by which your excellent skill teaches to cure the affections of my children.

As the life of one of my people is more dear to me than camels and gold, we shall pray for you in our heart when they are raised up from the tent of sorrow by this product of your deep learning and beautiful wisdom.

For this Gift of Love to your friend, so distant over many Seas, and for this rare invention of your skill, may you be placed in such seats of honor and dignity among great in knowledge, as we should offer to you in our dominions.

Given in this Central City of our Power, by express command of

NESCHID EL HASSAN PASHA,
EZROUM, Jamad Awah 1265.

A BOOK FOR EVERY FARMER!

STEPHEN'S BOOK OF THE FARM.

THIS is a substantial and beautifully bound volume, embossed morocco, full gilt back, marble edge, containing 1088 pages, with 450 illustrations, 10 steel and numerous tinted plates.

Here what the press says of it:

"The Book of the Farm is a work which needs no encomiums. The author is one of the most sound and practical Agricultural writers of the day."—*Albany Cultivator*.

"It is a standard book without which no farmers library can be complete. It is a complete guide to the farmer, plowman, cattleman, sheep-farmer, field worker, and dairying.—*Scientific American*.

"We regard this volume as one of the most important which can be laid before the Farmers of the United States, and we rejoice to see such a large mass of practical knowledge, exceeding a thousand octavo pages, *offered at so low a price*."—*Book Trade*.

"The price is but $4. We cannot understand how it could be published, beautifully printed, with 450 well executed engravings, and firmly bound as it is, for *less than $10*."—*Journal of Agriculture*.

"A more valuable publication than this has never been given to the world. We hazzard nothing in stating that this book, if read and profited by, as it should be, will soon pay for itself in solid cash, a hundred times over."—*Courier & Enquirer*.

"This is really one of the best books for a farmer to possess."—*Cleveland Herald*.

"The high character of the author should at once commend it to the public favor. It is handsomely printed, abounds in valuable and well executed illustrations, and can be purchased on the *most reasonable terms*."—*Pa. Farm Journal*.

The above valuable work can be had, wholesale or retail, at the Cheap Book Store, No. 9, Brown's Hotel State st.

Erie, July 17 1852. DURLIN & SLOAN.

☞ N. B. Agents wanted to sell this and other valuable works, to whom a most liberal percentage will be allowed.

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.—This celebrated medicine is one of the very best in the country, and its good qualities only need to be known, to give it precedence over all others now in use. We have seen its good effects lately, after the total failure of many others. This is saying more than we can for any other medicine within our knowledge, and we feel it a duty to recommend the Bitters to the notice of our friends. The genuine is prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. 2ml

MARRIED.

On the 11th inst., in M'Kean, by Rev. M. Kuehler, PHILLIP HOMAKER, of Erie, and Miss ANNA B. BOHEL, of the former place.

On Thursday 8th inst., by Lyman S. Chambers, Mr. HENRY NICHOLS of Erie, and Miss OLIVE ASHRAWS, of Harborcreek.

DIED.

On the 10th inst., in this city Miss ELEANOR M. KINCAID in the 26th year of her age.

THIS WAY

This way my friend, step in and view
Our ample stock, all fresh and new;
Just manufactured for your use,
By skilful hands that ply the Goose.
They are cut by him you are well aware,
That he can fit you just to a hair,
And make ev ery part look just so, so,
From neck to breast, from knee to toe.
Remember friend we sell as low
As any store in town can do,
And always try to please the taste
Of the most fastidious.
At Reed House Row, No. 8;
We are always pleased our friends to meet;
'Tis JUSTICE'S famous Clothing store,
Enough is said, you need no more. 6

Turnip Seed.

50 LBS of the very best kinds of Turnip seed for sale at No. 5 Bonnells Block by 9 CLARK & McCARTER.

BRICK! BRICK!!

THE subscriber has burned at his Kiln in Millcreek, and now offers for sale, 250,000 Brick of the very best quality, which he will dispose of at suitable rates. The attention of persons intending to build is respectfully invited. E. GOODRICH.
July 10 1852 3t9

ANOTHER SUPPLY.

ANOTHER supply of Uncle Tom's Cabin has been received at the Cheap Book Store No. 9 Brown's Block
Erie June 26 1852. 7 DURLIN & SLOAN.

Good Kid Boots at Wilcox & Norton's for $1 33 and warruted.
June 26 1852 7

Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of the West Ward, Erie, want to employ one Male Teacher as Principal, and three Female Teachers, as assistants, to take charge of the School of said Ward. They will meet the applicants at the School House, on Wednesday the 28th inst., at 10 o'clock, P. M., at which time they will be examined and selections made.
July 10 1852 3t9 C. W. KELSO, Sec'y.

ERIE county Medical Society will meet according to adjournment at the Eagle Hotel in Waterford on Tuesday July 20th at 12 o'clock M. J. L. STEWART Pres't.
J. H. STUART Rec. Sec'y. July 10 1852 2t9

HENRY S. SLOAN,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER.

197, *Broadway, between Dey and Fulton street, New York.*

GENTLEMEN'S Furnishing Goods of the latest styles constantly on hand. Naval Military, Youths' and Children's Clothing made to order with neatness and despatch.

Stray Colts.

STRAYED from the subscriber lying in Green township about the middle of May last, two colts—both two years old—one a sorrel colt, with a ring bone on both hind feet, and a white stripe in the face. The other a Bay—no artificial marks. Whoever will give information where the strays may be found shall be liberally rewarded. P. S. WOOLLEY.
Greene, July 10 1852 3t9

NEW GOODS.

J. H. BURTON & CO. are just receiving a large supply of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. Their old customers and the public generally are invited to call and examine quality and prices, particular's hereafter. No 5 Reed House.
Erie July 3 1852 8

WILLIAM WILLING'S

Music Store, Reebe's Block, east side of the Park.

A NEW supply of Melodeons of G. A. Prince's manufacture, Buffalo, on hand. Also, Three superior Piano Fortes are offered for sale very cheap, and rented in a week or two, our splendid Piano Fortes, varying in style and price. Also, Accordeons from 75 cents up to $20 each. He has also on hand the greatest variety of Sheet Music, Vocal and Instrumental in the city at wholesale or retail, and will be sold by the quantity at a discount of 25 per cent. Also, Guitar, Violin and Base Violin strings, at various prices. A second hand Piano Forte for rent, Accordeons repaired on reasonable terms. Erie July 3 1852 8

BEING requested by many families to begin a singing class for Boys, I intend doing so if not 40 more will take an interest in it. My mode of teaching in the old music system is already known, and add only that the "so called new system, Giuglini with numerals," will also be practiced. The terms are the same as before, although I give during the summer season two lessons a week, Wednesday at 6 P. M. and Saturday at 10 A. M.
Erie July 3 1852 WM. WILLING.

☞ The undersigned have been appointed agents for the sale of Mrs. F. Jones, Whit & Co's celebrated Teeth—These are considered the best articles manufactured. Dentists can be supplied by the quantity at New York prices.
July 1 1852—5 J. H. BURTON & CO.

ZINC PAINT.—A supply of this new and beautiful article just received and for sale by Erie July 3 1852—8 J. B. BURTON & CO.

A FEW more pieces of those beautiful Cambria Ginghams just received at the New York Cash store.
July 3 1852 J. SWEENY

LADIES and Gents Kid Gloves of every shade and quality just received at July 3—8 J. SWEENY'S

BROWN and bleached sheetings and shirtings just received at Erie July 3 1852. J. SWEENY'S.

Public Notice

IS hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania at its next general Assembly, for the incorporation of a Bank, to be called the Erie City Bank to be located in the City of Erie, with a capital of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars.

James C. Marshall	Smith Jackson
Henry Cadwell	John C. Beebe
J. H. Fullerton	George Kellogg
J. H. Williams	Gen. Foomds
C. M. Tibbals	Peter Ivey Arbuckle
H. E. Brown	Thos. Moorhead, Jr.
James Lyne,	W. A. Brown.

July 3 1852 9

PLAIN and figured Tissues, Barrages, De Laines, Shallays, Lace Cloths, plain and figured De Laines, all qualities and prices, French and American Ginghams for sale cheap at
Erie, May 22. SMITH JACKSON'S

Keystone Paper Mills,

ERIE, PA.

PERKINS & SELDEN

MR. ELIHU MARVIN having disposed of his interest in the above establishment, and in the business of R. Marvin & Perkins, to Samuel Selden, the business will hereafter be conducted by the subscribers, under the name of Perkins & Selden, who will settle all accounts of the late firm.
ELIHU MARVIN,
RUFUS L. PERKINS. SAMUEL SELDEN.

RYE FLOUR—Fresh ground Rye Flour for sale by the barrel or less quantity. CLARK & McCARTER.
April 17, 1852. 4t9

TO BLACKSMITHS.—I am now receiving at the *Cheap* Hardware *Store*, No. 2 Reed House, a large stock of Iron, Steel, Axle Arms, Springs, Gromit Boxes, Malcable Castings, Carriage Bolts, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Stock and Dies, Horse Shoes, etc. etc. Erie, May 22.—2. RUFUS REED

"Uncle Tom's Cabin."

THE sale of this super celebrated work, it is said, has been with good success in the sale of it, but is nearly trifling when compared with the sale of those splendid Hats now offered by R. J. Rogers—since selling the great egg raised by the would be second Grant. Rogers has removed his hat and cap store to 26 the st. one door south of G. Loomis & Co's old stand, where will be found the latest style of hats and caps extant. It is no trouble to show hats Gents, so give him a call.
July 3 1852 8

WOOL! WOOL!! WOOL!!!

Wanted at the Millcreek Woollen Factory.

THE subscriber is now taken Mr. John Lowett into partnership in the Manufacturing Business, at the old stand on Millcreek township, where they are prepared to manufacture any quantity of wool into cloth, cassimere, blankets, flannel, &c., on shares or by the yard, as well as any other establishment in the country, having as good cards as can be got up in Western Pennsylvania. Carding and spinning done for 6 cents a pair of their own Wool. Carding Rolls 4 cents per lb. cloth dressing done in any style that is wanted on short notice.

Carpets washed and colors restored for extra pay, or washed with soap at the owners risk.

N B—Persons leaving Wool at John Wing's, Eagle Village, to card, will have it taken on Saturday and returned the next, or carpets the same. CYRUS REED.
Millcreek July 3, 1852 8 JOHN LOWETT.

"O for Jubal's corded shell,
O'er which the first-born music roll'd
In burning tones that loved to dwell
Among those wires of trembling gold."

DANIEL GILBERT'S BOUDOIR PIANOS.

THE attention of the musical public is respectfully invited to this new and beautiful instrument, now on exhibition at Stockton & Fuller's. The Boudoir is by professional men, acknowledged to possess superior advantages over all other Pianos now in use. The prominent beauties of this new invention are its deep, rich and exquisite tones, its touching delicacies and the completness of its forms; and in connection with its outward ornamental and attractive appearance, must offer strong inducements to any one who is on the eve of selecting a choice and desirable instrument. Its merits can be fully tested by calling at
July 3 1852 8 STOCKTON & FULLER'S.

ERIE ACADEMY.

THE *Summer Term* of this institution will commence on Monday, July 26th, under the charge of

FAYETTE DURLIN, A. B.

Principal and Teacher of Languages, Mathematics, Natural Sciences and Practical Surveying.

O. D. HENORIX,
Teacher of the English Department.
MISS ELIZA WHIPPLE,
Preceptress, and Teacher of French, Astronomy and Botany.
MR. ALFRED GRAY,
Teacher of Penmanship

TUITION PER QUARTER.

Primary Branches,	$2 00
Higher English Branches,	3 00
Languages,	4 00

The regular time for admission is at the beginning or middle of the Term. No one will be admitted for less than half a quarter.
GEO. A. LYON, President.
MURRAY WHARTON, Secretary. July 3 1852 8

NOTICE.

THE Managers of the Waterford and Marvins Mills Plank Road have this day made a call, by resolution of 30 per cent on the stock holders in addition to what has heretofore been assessed. The road is now under contract and a large number of laborers employed, and we hope every stockholder will be ready with his cash by the first of July. W JUDSON
Waterford June 28 1852 3t8 Treasurer.

Wooden Ware.

A LARGE assortment of the above ware consisting in part of Pails, Tubs, Churns, Butter Ladles, Prints, Steak Mauls, Spoons, Rolling Pins, Potatoe Mashers, Lemon Squeezers, Faucets Towel Rollers, Sugar Boxes, Mop Sticks, Clothes Pins, Bbl. Covers, Measures, Axe Helves, Keelers, Hobby Horses, Bread Trays, Silk Swifts, etc., etc., may be found at MOORE'S
Erie, June 26 1852. 7 Opposite Brown's New Hotel state st.

WILLOW Wagons and Chairs, Baskets, Cradles, etc., etc., may be found at Erie June 26 1852—7. MOORE'S.

MATS—Grass, Manilla, and Wool Mats of all sizes and colors for sale cheap at June 26 '52-7. MOORES.

FLOORING & SIDING—A quantity of first quality seasoned Flooring and Siding: Also, sawed Lath for sale at the lumber yard of Erie June 19 1852. 6 BENNETT & CO.

EXTRAORDINARY EXCITEMENT!

TIBBALS & HAYES have removed to No. 1 Brown's Block, and are now opening the richest, cheapest and best stock of staple and fancy Dress Goods that ever came from New York, Boston or Philadelphia.

These Goods consist in part of Barages, Poplins, Barege de Laines, Muslin de Laines, Challeys, Lawns, Ginghams, Prints, etc., etc., and in short comprising everything in the way of Dress Goods. These Goods were bought for Cash and at Auction at Bargains, and will be sold correspondingly low. All we want to prove these facts is that the buying public will call and compare prices and stocks. TIBBALS & HAYES.
Erie, April 24, 1852. No. 1 Brown's Block. 50

$15 000 OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

TIBBALS & HAYES No 1 Brown's Block are now receiving a large and carefully selected stock of staple and fancy dry goods (bought within a very few days at the lowest auction prices,) comprising all the various styles and designs of fashionable summer dress goods, such as Persian Cloths, plain and figured watered Barages, plaid and plain Barages, printed Jaconet and Lawns; Silk and Linen Grass cloth, plain and figured Silk and Linen, and Silk and Cotton Poplins, Barage de Lains, Muslin de Lains, French and English Ginghams &c., &c., at prices 20 per. cent below any goods now offered in this city.
Erie May 1 1852. 51.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore subsisting under the firm of Liley & Baumont, of Fairview, Cloth Manufacturers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—All having unsettled accounts with the late firm, will see the necessity of making an immediate settlement, with Samuel Liley at the establishment.

SAMUEL LILEY,
MARK H. BAUMONT.

Fairview, June 28, 1852.

The subscriber takes this opportunity of informing the Farmers and public generally, that he will continue to manufacture cotth, cassimers and flannels of all kinds and qualities, on shares or by the yard, and exchange cloth for wool, on terms that cannot be beat by any other establishment. The subscriber tenders his thanks to the patrons of the late firm, and assures them that he will make every effort to merit a continuance of their favors, and invites all Wool growers to give him a trial; being confident that he can give entire satisfaction, both as to terms and goods.

Custom carding and dressing done to suit customers.
SAMUEL LILEY.

N. B.—Mr. R. Goggin will take in Wool, at his Starch Factory, corner of Buffalo Road and State street, and supply the kinds of cloth that may be desired 30n8.

Land For Sale &c.

THE subscriber has two farms to sell, both eligibly located for farming purposes; and convenient to market; well timbered, watered and adapted in proper portions to grain and grass; persons desiring to make good locations had better call before the chance is gone. One of them is a small place containing about 30 and the other 110 to 120 acres more or less.

Cash paid for Bounty land warrants or located by me
West Springfield, Erie Co., Pa., May 16th 1852. tf1
GILBERT HURD.

GRAND RALLY.

THE friends of Cheap Goods are once more admonished of the cheap goods now opening at No. 1 Brown's Block.

We are receiving daily supplies of dress goods, of all kinds; Parasols, Black Silks, Curtain Muslin, etc., etc., and selling for less prices than the same goods were bought for, three weeks ago in N. Y. the fact can be demonstrated to any one by a call at
June 16th 1852. 6 TIBBALS & HAYES.

ALL RIGHT! ALL RIGHT!!

Great Excitement at the Cheap Cash Store.

MORE NEW GOODS.—Another large invoice of splendid dress goods, such beautiful Silks, Lawns, and Barages, laces and Fringes, all colors, for dress and Mantelles, Embroideries of the latest patterns, such as Cuffs, Collars, Undersleeves Chemesettes, I. C. Hdkfs, Ribbons and Braid, etc. etc., Crape and Straditha Shawls, Lace Veils, Lace Gloves and mitts, Kid Gloves, Lisle Gloves, Ribbons made Hosiery. These goods are various as they are desirable, and will be sold positively below the average. Ladies can rely upon buying goods at great bargains, and at all times will find the greatest variety of goods at
Erie June 19 1852—6. JOHN B. COOK'S.

RECENT ARRIVAL!

FRESH GROCERIES.

THE subscribers have just received at their stand, immediately opposite the Perry Block, a large and well selected stock of Groceries, Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Molasses, Rice and all the articles usually embraced in the list. Also, Liquors, Fruits, etc. with an assortment of Nuts and Confectionaries. Fatherless themselves that their stock is variety and excellence, is not surpassed in the city, they hope to receive a liberal share of the public patronage. Their determination is to do business *cheap* for *cash*, considering the "middle expence" of more worth than the "slow shilling," and that all parties are benefitted by the *ready pay* system.

Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Groceries and other articles.

Call quickly lest the stock on hand becomes exhausted in the hands of a few weeks. Our prices are so low that people will find themselves scarce able to resist the temptation to buy.
Erie, June 19 1852. 6 LANDON & RIBLET.

OILS, TALLOW, GREASE,

AND

OHIO MINERAL PAINT.

300 BARRELS Machinery Oil. Price 75 cts per gallon, 2500 gallons lo do
in casks of various sizes. do do do do
200 Barrels boiled paint oil. do 55 do do
300 Gallons do do do do do do
in casks of various sizes.
350 Barrels Tanner's oil. Various kinds and qualities, from 35 to 80 cents per gallon.
150 Gallons in casks of various sizes. Various kinds and qualities, from 35 to 50 cents per gallon.
50 Tons tallow grease, for heavy gearings, and coarse Machinery, for barrels or casks, of any consistency required. Price 6 cts. per pound.
150 Tons Ohio mineral paint, in barrels at the lowest market price

Machinery Oil, warranted not to chill in the coldest weather, and considered by those using it equal to Sperm Oil.

Boiled Paint Oil, equal to Linseed oil, other than for white.

I am constantly receiving large supplies of the above named articles, and my motto is, "Small profits and quick returns."

B. F. LOND,
56 *Water Street, under the Pearl st. House*
New York, June 19 1852. 4m8 *NEW YORK.*

SEWING MACHINES.

THE undersigned being informed that their agent at *Erie* ha not advertised, exhibited and offered for sale, their celebrated *Patent Straight Needle Perpendicular action, Sewing Machines* as bound by contract to do, take it upon himself to inform the citizens, shoe manufacturers, and all others having sewing or stitching to be done that *Singers* Patent Sewing Machines may be purchased from them at their office, No. 258 Broadway New York, with full right to use the same in Erie County. We have not sold the monopoly of their machines in Erie county to any one. The Machines have lately been greatly improved and a new *Patent* granted for the *improvement* in *Price of the Machines* with all apparatus complete for immediate use $125.

Specimens of the unequaled stitching done by this Machine may be seen at the office of this paper.

C. M. SINGER & CO.
June 19 1852. 3m6 258 Broadway New York.

NEW ARRIVAL.

CHEAPER THAN EVER!

At Warren's Hat Cap and Furnishing Store.
No. 8 Brown's Block, State street.

A FRESH supply of those beautiful Moleskin Hats to be sold at great bargains. Also, Drab Beavers, very rich and beautiful for summer. Also, new styles of Kossuth, Panama, Panama hat and Straw Hats of all kinds and prices. Two new styles of Cloth Caps.

FURNISHING GOODS

Of all kinds, new styles of Shirts and Collars; the latest patterns of Scarfs and Cravats, very rich and beautiful styles; Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves, Carpet, Patent Leather and Enclosed Travelling Bags, Valices, Trunks, Umbrellas and Canes. So great a variety cannot be all enumerated in an advertisement. Call and look at them and remember my motto, which will be kept in all cases. All Goods that don't prove as they are represented will be exchanged or the money refunded.
June 6, J. H. WARREN.

Speed the Plow!!

THE subscribers, in presenting this Notice to the public, beg to remark that they have connected with their large stock of Groceries, an extensive assortment of Agricultural and Horticultural Implements and Machines. The rapidly increasing interests manifested in Agriculture, has induced us to engage in the trade trusting that the Farmers will be induced to favor us with their patronage. We are in constant correspondence with the most extensive Manufacturers, and shall always have a full supply of Implements of all kinds of the best and most approved patterns, among which may be found the following different styles of Plow; Eagle, different numbers, with or without Wheel and Draft Rod; Eagle Self Sharpener; Ridging or Double Mould Board Plows; Sub-soil Side Hill, or Swivel Plows, Board Scrapers, etc., which we will sell at the lowest possible rates.
CLARK & McCARTER.
Formerly B. & Clark.

ERIE CITY CROCKERY STORE.

No. 9 Brown's Block.

STATE STREET, JOINING EMPIRE STORE.

WILL be kept constantly on hand, a large and well selected assortment of Crockery, Glass Ware &c., comprising White, Iron Stone China, Shubury Ware, Light Blue Ware, also White Granite Ware, and in short every thing to make out complete Dining, Tea and Toilet Sets.

COMMON WARE!

A large assortment in all its varieties, also Yellow and Rockingham Ware of the latest St. fes.

GLASS WARE.—We have no hesitation in saying that our *Stock of Glass Ware is unsurpassed* by any this side the Atlantic cities, to enumerate all would be almost impossible, however we will give a few, *viz*: Looking Glasses of every size and variety; large cut Glass Dishes, Vases, cellery Dishes, Sugars, Salts, Goblets, Wine Glasses, Lemonades, Decanters, and Tumblers of all sorts and *sizes*, also Glass by the box.

Silver Plated Ware, Tea and Coffee Sets, Castors &c., also Britania Ware of all Kinds; the above will be sold for cash as low as can be bought this side New York.
May 22.—2 CADWELL & BENNETT.

GIRARD WOOLEN FACTORY!

NOTICE TO FARMERS AND WOOL GROWERS.

THORNTON & BROTHERS, late of Fairview wish to inform the Wool growers of this section of the country, and the public in general, that they have rented the establishment of I. D. Johnson, and that they will Manufacture Wool into Cloth with promptness and dispatch. We gladly tender our thanks to the Farmers and public generally, for their very liberal patronage, while in business at the Eagle Factory, Fairview; and deem it unnecessary to make promises to our old patrons but to new customers, we have no hesitation in saying that if they will call on us with their Wool, they shall not go away dissatisfied with their Goods or Prices.

We will gladly Manufacture Cloths and Flannels of all kinds, on shares, or by the yard, as our Customers may prefer.

Custom Carding and Cloth Dressing, done on short notice, and ready at the time appointed. We will do all work as good and as Cheap as any other establishment. We will give the highest market Price in Cash for Wool.
Girard, May 15th, 1852. tf THORNTON & BROTHERS.

The Plow that Beats the World.

RICH'S Patent Iron Beam double and single mould board Corn Plows for sale at the store of the subscribers. These Plows have been tested and prove superior to any other in use. We warrant them to give satisfaction. June 19. 6 BENNETT & Co.

12 BBLS Tanner's Oil; also 3 bbls tar and 10 bbls soap Rosin for sale cheap by 4 STERRETT & GRAY.

Boots and Shoes Cheaper than Ever.

WILCOX AND NORTON'S No. 3 Wright's Block, have just received an almost endless variety of Boots and Shoes fresh from the manufacturer, made of the best materials and warranted. Call, examine and be surprised at low prices, good stock and excellent work. Erie June 19 1852. 6

COFFEE.—Old Gov't. Java, Rio Laguayra, St. Domingo and Mocha Coffee, can be found at June 26-7. MOORE'S.

MERCHANTS, TAKE NOTICE.—Cadwell & Bennet have the agency of a number of the best manufactoring establishments in the eastern states of Scythes and Snaths, Forks, Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Axes, Rakes, Mill and X Cut Saws, etc., all of which will be supplied to the trade at manufacturers prices.
Erie June 19 1852. 6

Selling off at Cost!

W. B. KNOWLTON, being desirous of closing his present business, offers to sell out his large and splendid assortment of Goods at cost—consisting of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Pianos and other Musical Instruments, Looking Glasses Lamps, Britannia Ware and a great variety of other fancy articles. Erie June 26 1852. 7

NUTS of all kinds for sale by J. G. & W. J. Mills,
No. 3, Williams Block, Erie, Pa.

BUILDER'S DEPOT.

IMPROVEMENTS.

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Turned Flooring, Siding, Shingles, Building Lumber, Pannels, &c. &c.

HAVING enlarged our buildings and procured the latest improvements in the most perfected kinds of Machinery for the manufacture of Doors, Sash and Blinds, and also engaged the most competent Mechanics, we intend keeping on hand and making to order every article in that line. We have also on hand (and intend enlarging our stock,) several hundred thousand feet of Lumber, consisting of clear Pine, Poplar, Whitewood, Cucumber, Oak and Ash, seasoned and in process of seasoning, so as to insure the durability of our work. Persons who contemplate building will find it both convenient and advantageous to call on us, as we intend to meet the reasonable wants and wishes in this line of the improving part of the community.

CARTER & BROTHER, No. 6 Reed House.

Lumber Yard Planing Mill and Factory, on Eleventh street, east of Vincent & Himrod's Furnace. Erie June 26 1852—7.

Groceries! Groceries!!

SIEGEL & KELSEY have opened at No. 4 Wright's Block a very extensive assortment of Groceries of every kind and quality and so long as they sell them at their present low prices, there no longer exists any necessity for county Merchants or others to go to the eastern cities for their supplies, for they can purchase of them at such low prices as will enable them to save the time and money they would necessarily expend going to New York and back, say nothing of the saving in transportation which is of itself as small profit. We hope in order to test the truth of the above you will call and examine our goods and prices, but don't go into the wrong shop; recollect the name and number, Siegel & Kelsey, No. 4 Wright's Block State Street, Erie Pa.

P. S. We have the sole agency for the sale of Smith & Blanchard's U. S. Eagle self operating Soap. One of the most useful inventions of the age. It has never been equaled and cannot be excelled. It is warranted to be just what it is recommended.—Washes as well in Salt and Hard water as in soft.
Erie June 26 1852. 7

Another Arrival of New Goods, at the

NEW YORK STORE, No. 9 Bonnell's Block, which will be sold Cheaper, than ever before heard of.

WE have just received a large lot of Muslin, Lawns, Plain and Figured Berrages, Bik., Plaid Berrages, Poplins, Berage de Laines, Black Silks, 2 Cases Bonnetts, Shawls and a variety of other Goods which will be sold less than many have paid for the same styles in New York city. The above with many other styles of goods may be examined, or purchased, at the New York Store.
Erie June 26 1852. 7 MERRICK & DAVIS.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Andrew Sherrod, late of Washington township, Erie county, deceased, have been this day *granted to me by the Register of said county*: All persons having claims or demands against the said estate, will make them known to me without delay at my residence, in said township, and all persons indebted are notified to make immediate payment. C. M. GREENFIELD, Administrator.
Washington, June 19 1852. 6t6

New Era in the Grocery Line.

Motto. "Large Sales and small Profits."

THE PROPRIETORS respectfully give Notice to their customers and friends, that they are now receiving from first hands, at the lowest cash prices, consisting of the best assortment in Erie, comprising in part Superior Old and Young Hyson, Imperial, Young Hyson, Teas, and sourlong Teas, East Boston, crushed, granulated, powdered, and Stuart's refined coffee Sugars: New Orleans Porto Rico, Muscovado and Havana Sugars of every quality, by the hhd. bbl or cwt, which will be sold at prices that defies competition; Rio, Java and Laguira coffee of the best quality; Molasses, Stuart's refined Syrup, English currants, pickles, and in short every thing usually kept in a general furnishing provision store. All are invited to call on cheapside and examine for themselves STERRETT & GRAY.

WINES, LIQUORS.

CIGARS, Groceries, Pickles, Pickeled Oysters, Lobsters, Foreign Fruit and Nuts, J. G. & W. J. MILLS, No. 3 Williams Block, opposite Reed House, Erie, Pa. have just opened a New Establishment, where they are prepared to sell all Articles in their line at the Lowest Prices, at Wholesale and Retail. The Stock Consists in part of the following articles, to wit:

Wines,	Oranges,	Preserved Fruits,	Macaronia,
Liquors,	Lemons,	Vermicelli,	Sardines,
Cigars,	Figs,	Pinan Apples,	Anchovies,
Porter,	Raisins,	Mixed Pickles,	Capsules,
Ale,	Nuts,	Pickled Oysters,	Currants,
Cider,	Cocoa,	Pickled Lobsters,	De Digest.
Cordials,	Pines,	Pickled Clams, Cur'd on,	Ex Absinthia,

WHISKEY BY THE BARREL.

ALSO—Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Tobacco, Rice, Ground Spices, Confectionary by the Box, soda Biscuit, Crackers by the Barrel and numerous other Articles too numerous to mention.

IMPORTER'S CIGARS.—We import our own Cigars, and can sell better quality of Cigars at the same prices than any house in the city. Pure and Genuine Wines, Liquors of every description constantly on hand, for Sale; Wholesale at low rates. Also—Bottled Wines and Liquors for Medicinal or other purposes on hand by the dozen or single bottle which are pure.

AGENCY for Buffalo Ale, Mumford and Gilman & Burton's Ale, for sale by the barrel, at Buffalo Price, adding transportation. Also—receiving in their Season Oysters in Shell, Keg and Can, from J. G. Mills & Co., of New York, for Sale Wholesale at Low Prices.

J. G. MILLS, New York. W. J. MILLS, Buffalo.

A. C. JACKSON, Agent, Erie, Pa.

N. B.—Hotels, Steam Boats, private Families and Peddlers generally supplied with all articles in our line, at Buffalo prices.—ORDERS from City and surrounding country respectfully solicited, and we pledge ourselves that all goods shall be as recommended.
Erie, May 22, 1852. 2

LIGHTNING RODS.

WE are now prepared to put up the Premium Rods and Points for any who would like to be protected from the dangers of the lightning. Remember the man that locked his barn after his horse was stolen, and do not wait until *your house* or barn gets a stroke before you set rods to your buildings. A word to the wise is sufficient.

LIDDELL & CO.

N. B.—All orders from a distance punctually attended to.—Rods and points at wholesale.
March 13, 1852. tf14

BLACK, Col'd, and White Kid Gloves, Long Silk Mitts, pic nic Mitts and Gloves. White, Black and Col'd Silk Gloves. Kid sewed white and colored silk do. Lisle thread, and cotton gloves of every variety at May 22. J. SWEENY.

CHURNS.—Thermometer Churns just received. This Churn is considered the best in use.—Butter made by it will be *yel lower* than that produced by any other. For sale by
Ap 11 17, 1852. 49 CLARK & McCARTER

BUFFALO BAKERY.

MCGRIDGE & CLARK, would respectfully invite the citizens of Erie, and vicinity in want of Soda and Sweet Crackers, Boston Butter and Pic Nic Crackers, Hartland Pilot Bread &c., to call or Report, us their orders, they will always find us at Home, and ready to wait on our friends and sell them a good article, at Lower Prices than can be bought at any other establishment, at our Empire Steam Bakery, junction of Elk & Ohio Streets, Buffalo New York. 49

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT.

N. MURPHY would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has located himself at the old stand of Middleton & Murphy, on the Park Row with a large and better assortment of Tin Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, manufactured of the best stock, and of the most fashionable pattern, which he will sell at the lowest cash prices. He will also keep on hand Stoves of all prices and qualities constructed with reference to usefulness and convenience, and of the most durable material. Also stovepipe and elbow, and an assortment of

JAPAN WARE.

Which he flatters himself is unexcelled, if equalled, in this city—With pans of all size and Cheese vats of every description constantly on hand. Determined to pursue the business with energy and faithfulness, and to spare no effort to render satisfaction, he hopes to receive and merit a liberal share of public patronage.
Erie May 1 1852. 51.

ERIE DAGUERREAN GALLERY,

Park Row, a few doors West of the REED HOUSE.

SHERMAN is happy to invite all who wish DAGUERREOTYPE LIKENESSES, to a specimen of

CHANGE OF TIME.

Through to Dunkirk in 2½ Buffalo in 4¼ hours.

ERIE AND NORTH EAST RAIL ROAD
IN CONNECTION WITH THE BUFFALO AND STATE LINE RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday May 10th 1852 trains leave Erie daily as follows, Sundays excepted.

1st Express passenger train leaves at 12M
2nd " " " " 6½ P.M.

One Express train on Sundays at 12 M.

The above trains connect at Dunkirk and Buffalo with both the morning and evening trains for New York City via N. Y. and E. R. Road and Buffalo and Albany Rail Road.

Passengers by the noon train for Buffalo and wishing to return the same evening have 4½ hours in Buffalo.

This Company is prepared to transport live stock and freight of all kinds over their road. Baggage checked to Dunkirk and Buffalo. Fare to Dunkirk $1.10 to Buffalo $2.00. Trains leave by Eastern Rail Road time which is about twenty minutes faster than Erie time.

J. F. TRACY,
Erie May 9 1852. tf53. Superintendent of E. & N. E. R. R.

NO. 175 MAIN STREET, BUFFALO.

BOSTON CROCKERY STORE.

THE subscribers have opened at No. 175 Main-street Buffalo, (next door to Hollister & Co.) an extensive assortment of

China, Glass, and Earthen Ware.

Also, Solar Lamps for oil or burning fluid, Girandoles, common and silver-plated Castors, silver-plated and Britannia Coffee Pots, Sugars and Creams, plated Spoons, Forks, Cake Baskets, Tea Trays, Table Cutlery and a complete assortment of French, China and German Vases,

They import their Crockery and China direct from the manufacturers, which will enable them to sell at the lowest New York prices.

They would particularly invite the attention of Merchants, and all others wishing to purchase, to give them a call, and examine their Goods and prices before purchasing.

Buffalo, March 29.—6m15 E. C. BROWN & CO

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

MRS. M. CURTIS, having returned from New York, with an extensive and complete assortment of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

of the Spring styles, would say to the ladies, and all of her numerous customers, that she is now prepared to supply them any and every article in her line of trade. Feeling thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, still hopes to merit a continuance of the same.

My stock of BONNETS is extensive, embracing every variety worn. Having selected them myself with great care, I trust I shall be able to please all, both in style and price. My assortment of RIBBONS is also large. The Ladies can be sure to find Ribbons at my shop, of the newest styles, at all times—no deception in that particular. Also a variety of Straw Trimmings. My assortment of Ladies' Gloves, Mitts and Hose is complete, embracing all sizes and colors, all of the best quality. I have a large variety of laces for Mantillas, Lace Veils, Thread Laces, Dress Caps in abundance, Mourning Goods Mantilla Silk, Dress Trimmings of all kinds, Needle Work, French Worked Collars, Undersleeves, Under-handkerchiefs, Linen Pocket-handkerchiefs, Embroidered and Plain Artificial Flowers, Wreaths and Borders, Steel Trimmings, Bertha Fringe, French Dimity, Crewel, Embroidery Patterns, perforated Paper, Canvas, Pins, Needles, Perfumery, Fans, Corsets, Steel Crewel and Crotchet Needles, Saddler's Silk, Tidy Cotton, Bodice Silks and Linings of all colors, Bonnet Frames and Crowns, Whalebones, with many other articles too numerous to mention, all of which I will sell, Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest possible price.

Mantillas, ready made, always on hand. Bonnets cleaned and pressed. Having supplied myself with the best help from the east, I am prepared to attend to all orders with dispatch, and execute them in the best style. M. CURTIS.

Erie, April 17.—49.

TO THE LADIES.

MRS. DAVIS & CO., would inform the Ladies of Erie and vicinity, that they have commenced business on the Diamond, 4 doors west of William's Broker's Office, where all kinds of MILLINERY and DRESS-MAKING, will be attended to with care. From a long experience in the business Mrs. D. feels confident she shall be able to conduct the business in a manner to give satisfaction to any favor her with a call. A new supply of Millinery will be opened the first week in June. Straws bleached and repaired on the most reasonable terms.

May 22. 2

CHEAP FURNITURE

AND CHAIR WARE ROOM.

JOHN WELSH, corner of State and Eight street Erie Pa., will ever keep constantly on hand a splendid assortment of RICH FURNITURE, which he will lower than can be purchased at any other establishment in Erie, manufactured by Smith & Richardson, wholesale and retail dealers in furniture and chairs 171 Main st., Buffalo. They are now manufacturing an article of Sofas very neat and durable, which he will sell from $20 to $50 Call and see. Erie May 1, 1852. 51.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE NOW OPEN

FOR VISITORS!

THE proprietor, W. H. KNOWLTON, has just returned from the Empire city, with the largest, cheapest and best assortment of JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS ever before imported from that city west of Dunkirk, all of which are now ready for inspection. On the first floor, No 1, may be found a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold guard and Fob Chains, Keys and Seals, Fingering of every description, Breast pins of all sorts and sizes, Cuff pins, Wedding rings, Gold, Silver, and German silver thimbles, gold pencils and pens, steel fob and guard chains, Keys, &c. Having made arrangements with the manufacturers in the east to furnish a supply every week fresh from the mint, he will be able to furnish those articles cheaper than any other establishment west of the terminus of the New York and Erie Railroad. Also, on hand, at wholesale or retail, any quantity of Looking Glasses, Brass Clocks and other timepieces.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Such as piano fortes, melodeons, bass viols, guitars, violins, banjoes, tambourines, clarionets, flutes, flageolets, fifes, accordeons, &c., solar and camphene lamps, and gerondoles, extra globes, chimneys and wicks, silver and German silver table and tea spoons, sugar and salt scoops, butter knives.

CUTLERY.—A very fine article of Pen knives of the most celebrated makers, Razors and Razor straps, scissors and shears. Gold, silver, and German silver and steel spectacles.

BRITTANNIA WARE.—Tea sets, castors, gilt candlesticks.

MISCELLANEOUS.—China Cases, Fancy Boxes, Plated and Brass snuffers and trays, steel bag, and purse clasps, hair combs, ivory do., steel pens, card cases, visiting cards and envelopes, cannon boards, dominoes, chess men, wallets and pocket books, knives and forks, tea sets, canes, &c.

All of which will be shown to his visitors at any time between the hours of 6 A. M. and 8 P. M., free grats, and a small fee only will be taken from those who may wish to take some of said articles home with them.

17 Sand Palace is located on the ground formerly occupied by said Knowlton, one door west of the Reed House.

Erie, Sept. 6.—17

NEW WHOLESALE

GROCERY STORE,

AT NO. 7, BONNELL BLOCK, ERIE, PA.

THE subscriber having leased the Store No 7, Bonnell-Block, formerly occupied by Lester, Sennett & Chester, is receiving direct from New York a large and well selected stock of Groceries, to which he most cordially invites the attention of the trade in this and the adjoining counties. He flatters himself that from his experience in the Grocery business, and his superior facilities for obtaining Goods direct from the Importers and Manufacturers, thereby saving the Jobbers' profits, that he can sell to the Merchants favoring him with their patronage, Goods

As Cheap as can be Purchased West of New-York.

And as cheap as can be bought in New York, with the addition of expense attended in getting goods to this city. Being determined to make his business

Exclusively Wholesale,

will confine himself to selling by the Package, and he can be sustained in so doing. He will be happy at all times to exhibit his goods to those who may favor him with a call. In addition to his stock of Groceries, he has added a choice stock of

Wines and Imported and Domestic Liquors!

to an examination of which he would especially invite the attention of Hotel keepers and others in the trade. The following will comprise a portion of his stock, viz:

New Orleans, Porto Rico and Cuba Sugars; Powdered, Crushed, Granulated, White and Yellow Coffee do., Porto Rico, Muscovado, & Cuba Molasses, S. H. Syrup, in bbl. or bhd; Old Hyson Gunpowder and Black Teas, in chests, half-chests and caddies; Old Java, Rio and Laguira Coffee; Virginia manufactured Tobacco, different Brands; Anderson's loose chewing, and pipers, also loose and assorted size pap. Smoking; Black and Yellow Snuff; Domestic and Imported Cigars, in boxes, cases, tin, half and quarter Boxes; Currants, Figs, Dried Peaches, Pepper, Cassia, Cloves, Nutmegs, Indigo, pure Ginger, Peppersauce, Ground Pepper; Pimento, Cassia and Coffee in 1, 2 and 4-lb. papers; Powder, in whole, half, and quarter kegs, Shot, Lead, Nuts of different kinds; No. 1 Pale, Excelsior, and Fancy Soaps; Refined Elephant and Whale Oil; Sperm, Linseed and Olive do.; Mackerel, No's 1, 2, 3, in whole, half and quarter bbls.; Codfish, Herring and White fish; Paints and Oils; several grades Brandies, Rum, Gin, Monongahela Whiskey, Old Rye do., Old and Madeira Wines; Champagne Wines; London and Philadelphia Porter; together with most kinds and styles of goods kept in the Grocery line, and not enumerated in this list, to the inspection of which he would respectfully invite the attention of purchasers before buying elsewhere.

Particular attention paid to filling orders, and all goods warranted as represented or the money refunded.

Erie, Sept. 20.—19. J. M. SMITH.

THIS WAY STRANGER!!

"Secure the Shadow ere the Substance fade."

F. ABELL, the Daguerreian Artist

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens and Gentlemen of Erie, and vicinity, that he will remain over the Erie Bank, for the purpose of delineating the human face divine by means of the beautiful art of the Daguerreotype in the latest and most approved style. He offers to produce the likeness of any person favoring him with a sitting which shall be pronounced by competent judges, superior to the work of any other Artist who has ever, for sureness, beauty, and life-like appearance.

Daguerreotype, O what delight
To gaze upon its works of light;
How lush the polish, pure the tone,
And every face is nature's own;
Sure never Art with all its skill,
The soul with such delight could fill.

His Picture being fixed by the cyanide of gold and other ingredients of his own preparation, can never fade out by exposure to air and light. Those who wish perfect Likenesses will please call at his rooms over the Erie Bank, and examine specimens.—Office hours from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 5 P. M. in all states of the weather. Erie, Feb. 14, 1-52. tf40

J. S. SHADDUCK,

Architect and Builder, No 1, Park Row, Erie, Pa. Architectural Drawings and Specifications made out on reasonable terms.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

ERIE, PA., Nov. 13 1851.

The bearer, Mr. John S. Shadduck, is a practical Architect, and has been for several years engaged in that business, during which time he has erected several large and costly buildings. We cheerfully recommend Mr. Shadduck to all persons who may be engaged in building, and believe that he will, as heretofore, promptly fulfill any business engagement he may make.

Conrad Brown Jr. W. Tennant
Matthew R. Barr J. H. Fullerton
Pardon Sennett James D. Dunlap
E. Holmes John F. Vincent
Smith Jackson John H. Welker
D. S. Sterrett C. McSparren
Erie March 20 1851—1y35. F. Waters.

HATS, CAPS AND FURS FOR THE MILLION

Clear the track for

SMITH, No, 3, Cheapside!!

WHO has on hand the Largest stock of Goods, in his line, ever offered in this market, which were purchased for CASH in the Eastern cities, or manufactured by himself; by which he is enabled to sell them so low that people do say they must have got by the Custom House without paying duty. Well, what if they were smuggled, so that the people can buy

Beautiful Silk Hats for $1.50

Buffalo Robes for $3 50, Mexican Hats for 50 cents, and all other goods at like low prices. For proof of which, all interested can call and examine for themselves.

☞ Don't forget the place, Smith's Cheap Hat Store, No. 2, Cheapside.

Erie November 8, 1851. 26

Why not go with the Multitude to

STOCKTON & FULLER'S?

AND buy your Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Lamps & Looking Glasses, Guitars twenty per cent lower, than has ever been sold in Erie. Why, in the 3d year of the 19th century this age of reform and improvement, will you "Leap before you look!" or what is even worse, buy before you examine the market. Nothing charged for showing. Park Row, 3 doors east of Brown's New Hotel.

Erie, May 15th, 1852. 1

ECKFORD LINE.

THIS Line, possessing unsurpassed facilities, is prepared, upon the opening of navigation, to transport Merchandize, Produce, &c., from and to New York, and the Western States.

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS.

Mk. Packages **ECKFORD LINE**, Ship Daily by the
"OLD LINE TROY TOW BOATS,"
COENTIES SLIP.
Eckford Express.

The Public is informed that such arrangements have been made with the different Railroads and Steamers as will enable this Line to forward Merchandize, daily, from New York to the Western and Southern States, with the greatest dispatch.

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS.

Mk. Packages, **ECKFORD EXPRESS**, Ship by
"PEOPLE'S LINE OF STEAMERS."—Foot Courtlandt Street.

Shippers are requested to procure Bills of Lading, at the Office, No. 127 Broad street, upstairs.

HUGH ALLEN,
G. B. WILLIAMS, } 127 Broad st. New York.
MAXWELL & PATTEN,
JOHN ALLEN, } Buffalo.

CONSIGNEES AT LAKE ERIE PORTS.

Jno. Hearn, & Co., Erie, Pa. J. H. Hall, Conneaut, O.
M. Watrous, Ashtabula, O. D. Knight & Co., Fairport "
Eddy & Halladay, Cleveland, " Walker & Co., Milan "
F. F. Osborn, Sandusky, " A. Godard, Toledo. "
D. B. Miller, & Co., Monroe, M. Bridge & Lewis, Detroit, M.

April 17. 16

BUFFALO AND CHICAGO.

1852. 1852.

THE New and splendid upper cabin STEAMER GLOBE, AMOS PATTEN Master.

LEAVES ERIE at 6 o'clock A. M.		LEAVES CHICAGO at 6 o'clock A. M.	
Thursday	June 17	Wednesday	June 21
Thursday	July 1	Wednesday	July 8
Thursday	July 15	Wednesday	July 22
Thursday	July 29	Wednesday	Aug 5
Thursday	Aug 12	Wednesday	Aug 19
Thursday	Aug 26	Wednesday	Sept 2
Thursday	Sept 9	Wednesday	Sept 16
Thursday	Sept 23	Wednesday	Sept 29
Thursday	Oct 7	Wednesday	Oct 14
Thursday	Oct 21	Wednesday	Oct 28
Thursday	Nov 4	Wednesday	Nov 10

J. HEARN & CO. Public Dock. } Agents.
JOHN KEENAN Erie.

June 12 1852. 5

Michigan Southern Rail Road Line.

BOATS leave Erie daily for Cleveland, Sandusky and Toledo.

G. J. MORTON, Agt.
Public Dock, Erie, Pa.

49

1852 1852

CHICAGO and Intermediate Ports, the splendid upper cabin steamer HENDRICK HUDSON, L. B. Goldsmith commander, will leave Erie as follows:

Tuesday,	April 13	6 o'clock A. M.
"	" 27	" "
"	May 11	" "
"	" 25	" "
"	June 8	" "
"	" 22	" "
"	July 6	" "
"	" 20	" "
"	August 3	" "
"	" 17	" "
"	" 31	" "
"	September 14	" "
"	" 28	" "
"	October 12	" "
"	" 26	" "
"	November 9	" "

J. J. PAPPINO Owner.

GEORGE J. MORTON, Agent Public Dock Erie Pa
JOHN KEENAN Agent, Erie Pa.

Erie, May 1, 1852. 5m51.

1852. 1852.

THE Splendid Upper Cabin Steamers MICHIGAN and JULIUS D. MORTON, will ply regularly between Buffalo, Erie and Green Bay, during the season. For further particulars apply to J. HEARN & CO., or G. J. MORTON, Erie, Pa.

JOHN KEENAN Agent, Erie Pa.

April 17, 1852—49

1852. BUFFALO AND CLEVELAND. 1852.

TWO Trips per week. Touching at Dunkirk, Conneaut, Ashtabula, and Fairport. The splendid upper Cabin steamer DIAMOND, Captain John G. Hitt, will run regularly, during the season of 1852, between Buffalo and Cleveland, touching at above ports each way, as follows:

Leaves Erie, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, Touching at Conneaut, Ashtabula, and Fairport

Leaves Erie, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 5 A. M., touching at Barcelona and Dunkirk.

For freight or passage apply to J. HEARN & Co., or JOHN KEENAN, Erie. GEO. B. WALBRIDGE & CO., Proprietors, Foot of Washington street, Buffalo.

EDDY & HALLIDAY, Agents, Cleveland.

Erie, May 22, 1852 2

1852 1852

FOR CHICAGO.

Touching at Detroit, Mackinaw, Grand Haven, Milwaukie, Racine, Kenosha and Waukegan.

THE staunch and fast Propeller TROY, D. P. DOBBINS, Captain, will run as a regular Packet for the above Ports during the balance of the season, as follows:

Thursday July 15	9 A. M	Tuesday Sept. 28,	9, A. M.
Tuesday August 3,	do	Saturday Oct. 16,	do
Saturday " 21,	do	Thursday Nov. 4,	do
Thursday Sept. 6,	do	Tuesday " 23,	do

For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
Erie June 26 1852. 7 G. J. MORTON, Public Dock.

PEOPLE'S LINE

1852. 1852.

Safe, Pleasant and Expeditious Route to New York.

New Passage and Freight Arrangement to and from New York, at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Passengers will be taken from Buffalo by the Express or other trains of Cars to Albany, and from Albany to New York, by the splendid low pressure steamers of the People's Line, all of which are replete with every comfort and convenience.

Steamers ISAAC NEWTON, Com. W. H. Peck, and HENDRICK HUDSON, Com. A. P. Bradley, leaving Albany daily on the arrival of the Express Train in the evening, and arriving in New York, at Cortlandt street Wharf, at 6 o'clock next morning. Leaving New York at 6 P. M. connecting with Morning Express Train at Albany.

Steamers OREGON, Capt. HOYT, and RIP VAN WINKLE, Capt. KOE, leave Albany daily at 3 P. M., on arrival of first Morning Express Train from Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse, arriving in New York, at Robinson street Wharf, at 5 o'clock next morning. Leave New York at 6 P. M., connecting with the Evening Express Train at Albany.

Passengers can be ticketed and their baggage checked to and from New York.

Freight can be contracted for at all the stations on the line of the Buffalo and Rochester Railroad, and from New York at the People's Line office on their Wharf at foot of Robinson street, New York.

Prices Freight from New York to Buffalo, on first class 57 cents; 2d class 51 cents; 3d class 45 cents; 4th class 37 cents — And from Buffalo to New York on 1st class 37 cents; 2d class 30 cents; 3d class 24 cents; and 4th class 40 cents

I. NEWTON, Agent, New York,
GEORGE J. MORTON, Agent, Erie.

New York, April, 1852.

The splendid steamers ALIDA, and REINDEER, will run as a Day Line, Leave foot of Hamilton street, Albany, at 7 A. M. on arrival of Buffalo Night Express, and New York, from Murray street Wharf, at 7 A. M. connecting with Afternoon Express. Through in 24 hours, making the usual landings at way places.

tf1.

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S

NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA EXPRESS.

CAPITAL—$300,000.

FOR the purchase and sale of Gold Dust, Bills of Exchange, the only safe and direct conveyance of Notes, Bills, and Accounts, also forwarding of Gold Dust, Bullion, Specie, Packages, Parcels and Freights, of all kinds and descriptions, and attending to a general Express Forwarding, and Agency Business.

The undersigned have been engaged in the Express business between New York, Albany, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Chicago, Milwaukie, and St. Louis, since its first establishment, under the firms of Pomeroy & Co., Livingston & Wells, Wells & Co., Livingston, Fargo & Co., and at this time, with the American Express Company, under the firm of Wells, Butterfield & Co., and Livingston, Fargo & Co.

The firm of Wells, Fargo & Co., a joint stock company, with a capital of $300,000, has been formed to do a general Express Forwarding, Collecting and Exchange business, between the city of New York and the principal cities and towns in California; connecting at New York with the American Express Company, to all parts of the United States and Canadas.

Our several Agents in California are authorized to draw drafts on us, payable at the principal Offices of the American Express company, between New York and St. Louis, affording to persons in California, the most convenient, prompt and reliable means of remitting to their friends in this country. Also, Drafts, on California, *for sale at the current rates of exchange.*

We will attend promptly to the collection and payment of Notes, Bills and accounts; the Settlement of Claims. Also, to the Purchase and Sale of Goods and Merchandize, by sample or otherwise.

Our arrangements with the United States Mail Line of Steamers enable us to offer great inducements to shippers of Gold Dust, Bullion, Specie, and other valuables.—Packages, Parcels and Freights, of every description, will be forwarded with dispatch, and delivered at all the principal towns in California, and other parts of the United States, and foreign countries.

Messrs. S. P. Carter and R. W. Washburn, the former for many years connected with the American Express Company as agent at Albany, and the latter from the Bank of Syracuse, are the General Agents for California.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Wells, Aurora,	Wm. G. Fargo, Buffalo,
John Livingston, New York,	James McKay, Buffalo,
E. P. Williams, Adrian, Mich,	Alpheus Reynolds, Buffalo,
Edwin P. Morgan, Aurora,	Alex. M. C. Smith, N. Y.,
Henry D. Rice, Elmira.	
James McKay, Sec'y.	Edwin B. Morgan Pres't.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 16 Wall Street, N. Y.
O. D SPAFFORD, Agent Erie.

Erie, May 29, 1852. 3m3.

CHANGE OF TIME.

NEW YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.

NEW ROUTE TO NEW YORK
CITY, *VIA* DUNKIRK

and the Erie Railroad, connecting with first class steamers on Lake Erie, the Michigan, Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, Cleveland and Pittsburgh and Sandusky and Cincinnati Railroads, and steamers on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and the Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania canals.

TRAINS LEAVE DUNKIRK AS FOLLOWS:

1st. Morning Express Train at 6 A. M.
2d Morning Mail Train at 10 A. M.
3d. Accommodation (1st class) at 1 30 P. M.
4th. Evening Express Train at 5 P. M.
5th. Express Cattle Freight at 3 A. M.
6th. Way Freight at 4 45 A. M.

Fare from Dunkirk to New York, $3 00.

N. B.—The 5 o'clock P. M. Train will leave on Sundays and not on Saturdays.

Second class Passengers taken on the Accommodation Train at 1 o'clock, P. M. Fare through to New York, $3 00.

This Company is prepared to transport Live Stock and Freight of all kinds to and from New York.

Particular attention paid to stock. The gauge of this Road being 6 feet wide gives this route great advantages over all other Railroads in the transportation of stock.

HILBER SQUIER, Agent. C. MINOT, Sup't.
Dunkirk, November 8, 1851. tf28—6.

CENTS Cravat Scarfs and Neck Ties, of every style at
May 29.—2 JACKSON'S.

LEGHORN Straw and Palm leaf Hats at
May 29.—3 JACKSONS.

LADIES colored and Black Gaiters, Walking Shoes, Buskins, Ties and slipps, White Kid Opera Ties and a great variety of childrens Shoes for sale cheap at
May 29.—2 SMITH JACKSON.

PRINTS at whole sale or retail, cheaper than the cheapest by
May 29.—2 SMITH JACKSON.

WELCH'S NATIONAL CIRCUS, RAYMOND & Co., & DRIESBACH & Co's.

MENAGERIES UNITED FOR 1852.

G. BERRY, MANAGER.

WILL EXHIBIT AT North East, Thursday July 22d, Erie, Friday July 23d, Girard Saturday July 24th.

THE public are respectfully informed that these two great Menageries, united for the present season, form by far the largest collection of living Animals ever exhibited in this or any other country. Over 150 Animals and Birds can be seen under their *Spacious Pavilion*, 256 feet in length for *ONE PRICE OF ADMISSION*. Hours of exhibition from 1 to 5 P. M., and from 7 to 10 in the evening. ADMISSION 25 cents. Children under 10 years old, half price. The Cortege will arrive in the town on the morning of the 23d inst., about 10 o'clock, and the Carriages, Cages, Van, &c., containing the Animals,

Drawn by 120 Splendid Horses, and Headed by Hall's Auburn Brass Band!

Will pass through the principal streets, affording an opportunity of beholding one of the most georgeous and imposing processions of the kind ever seen.

A DOUBLE PERFORMANCE, IN THREE IMMENSE PERFORMING DENS!

Herr Driesbach in two, and Signor Huderalzo in the other. In the course of each exhibition, Herr Driesbach, the far famed Lion King, will enter the dens of his wild tenants of the forest—*LIONS, LEOPARDS, TIGERS, COUGERS, &c.*, and give a display, the same as when ordered by the special command of Queen Victoria, Louis Philip, (late King of the French,) Emperor Nicholas of St. Petersburgh, and the Royal Family of the Hapsburgh House of Austria. Signore Huderalzo will also perform his highly trained animals, separate and entirely different from Herr Driesbach's showing the different powers of mind over the Animals.

WELCH'S NATIONAL CIRCUS.—The proprietors of this Company have effected an engagement with the celebrated equestrian Troupe of Gen. Rufus Welch, who has for the last five months been performing to large audiences at the National Amphitheatre, Philadelphia, composed of the elite and fashion of that city. Among the company can be found the following well known Artists, Viz: P. Cartwalder, the great act 4 and 6 horse rider in the World. David Brobaks, the daring bare back rider. J. Sweet & Lipman, the best scene delineators now traveling. T. McFaul, ad, the greatest Tumbler in the World, having thrown the unprecedented number of 72 somersetts in rapid succession. Master Williams.—This Juvenile must be seen to be appreciated by the public.

CLOWNS.—Alex. Rockwell, the great American Jester, will open his budget of fun. Also Bob Williams, the celebrate d Trick Clown, will appear in his numerous tricks. *Dancing Horses and Ponies.* Admission only **25** cents, to the whole combined Exhibition. A full description of the Animals, Birds, &c., can be seen by the company's Bills at the principal Hotels.

Erie July 3d 1852 3t9

SHOES FOR LADIES.

Just Received by Rail Road, a good assortment as ever brought to this Market.

Ladies Col'd Jenny Lind,	Ladies Cold Cashman ties
" Bilk, "	" Bilk, "
" Gaiter Silk lasting For.	" Welt Excelsior,
" Jenny Lind "	" Kid, "
" Enamelled Welt Buskins,	" Kid Slips,
" Jurned, "	" S. F. Gaiter Plain,
" Bloother Boots,	" French, " Boots,
" Misses Col'd Cashman Ties,	Misses Col'd Gaiter,
" Bilk, "	gaiters. Children Shoes,

Ladies wishing to get a good Shoe will do well to call.

JOHN B. COOK.

April 21, 1852. 50

MARSEILLES Quilts and counter panes can be had at prices below competition at No. 3 Perry Block.

Erie, May 1, 1852. 51. ARBUCKLE & KEPLER.

A Splendid assortment of summer Lawns for sales very cheap at May 22. JACKSON'S

BONNETS of every style and Trimmings to match, by
Erie, May 22. JACKSON.

Geo. Seldon & Son.

HAVE just received a large and general assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, purchased with cash and will be sold as low as can be purchased in the city.

BAREGE Delaine and Lawns, purchased very low, and will be sold equally low by G. SELDON & SON.
May 22—2

GINGHAMS and Chilcos, a great variety of the latest spring patterns for sale by G. SELDON & SON.
May 22—2.

BONNETS and Ribbons, a good assortment, can be had at G. SELDON & SON.
May 22—2

CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, together with a large quantity of mens summer Goods at G. SELDON & SON.
May 22.—2

LIQUORS.

I HAVE on hand the best assortment of Liquors *in this city*, from the best Cognacs down to 25 cent Whiskey.

Feb. 21, 1852. T. W. MOORE, State St.

A LARGE assortment of Cook and Parlor Stoves, just received and for sale at MURPHEY'S,
Erie, May 15th, 1852. on Park Row

CHAIN, Wall and Cistern Pumps, all sizes and prices at MURPHEY'S,
Erie, May 15th, 1852. on Park Row.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

I HAVE fresh ground flour on hand at my Distillery, which I will deliver on *Short Notice*, any where within the city limits, at as low prices as any other establishment.—*Flour Warranted* to give satisfaction.

H. B. HAVERSTICK.
May 22.—2

TEAS, 30 Chests of all grades of Teas varying from 3 to 6 shillings per lb., also 50 Caddies Tea 6 lbs., each, very nice put up, expressly for families, for sale by

May 22.—2 W. F. RINDERNECHT.

GLASS WARE.

A COMPLETE assortment of Glass Ware has just been opened at MOORE'S cheap Grocery Store. May 29, 1852.—3.

EMBROIDERED Collars, Cuffs, and Undersleeves, Muslin and Cambric Edgings and Insertings, an extensive variety for sale cheap at May 22 JACKSON'S.

PARASOLS, the best assortment in the city, consisting of satin, plain and figured silk, gingham and cotton at
Erie, May 22. JACKSON'S.

WHITE Blue and Pink Tartions, embroidered Muslin Jaconett, Muslins, Book and Bishop Lawn, Swiss Mulls, and a good assortment of Drapery Muslin for sale cheap at
Erie, May 22. SMITH JACKSON'S

BLACK French Broadcloths, Green and Blue Broadcloth, Black doe skin Cassimeres of every quality and style at
May 29.—3 JACKSONS.

VESTINGS, Plain and figured silk and satin, Buff, cassimeres, Farmers satin, plain and figured. White, Buff, and figured Mercatics Vesting at the cheap Store of
May 29.—3 SMITH JACKSON.

LADIES Hose, White, Brown, Colored and mixed Cotton, White and Black Silk, an assortment of Misses and Child dren's Hose at
May 29.—2 JACKSONS.

BLUE and Brn. Drills, Bro. Linen, Blue Linen Drills, Denims, Summer Cassimere and an endless variety of other stuffs for sale cheap at
May 29.—2 JACKSONS.

CLEAR THE TRACK!!

Much has been said about buying goods for cash and selling less than others dare, no guessing &c. We would briefly say that we have employed expressly for the purchasing of goods $50,000 and the Senior partner of 28 years experience, devoting the whole of his time to the purchasing of goods in the east and especially from the men that make them, at low rates as any New York or Boston house can buy them, thus giving us the advantage over other houses that buy their goods of jobbing houses, of at least 1 to 2 cents on prints per yard, and 50 cts. to $1.50 on Broad cloths and all other goods in proportion. We can and will job goods as low as any jobbing house in New York or Boston. Gents and ladies just take a look at the piles of goods we are daily receiving from H. Cadwell and see if those things are not so. Auction goods we do not buy except to sell at auction again.

June 5. CADWELL & BENNTT.

COTTON YARN, from No. 5 to 20, in any quantity; also, colored Carpet Warp, white do., Wicking, Batting, Wadding etc. June 12 1852. 5 TIBBALS & HAYES.

New Spring Goods.

No. 1 Wright's Block, State Street.

NOW opening at the above old stand, one of the richest, most complete and brilliant stocks of Goods ever brought to this market, amongst which are

Barage de Lanes of new and rich design, at various prices.
De Laines, Black and colored all wool—Gold Medal, Manchester, and Scotch de Dames—at low prices.
Silks and Satins in great variety, and unusually Cheap.
Barages and Lawns, a general assortment of very rich Goods.
Poplins of all colors, figured, watered, and plain.
Ginghams and Prints, in great variety, embracing the most popular makes.
Shawls—Crape, Silk, Brocha, Cashmere and Thibet Shawls.
Ribbons—Bonnet Ribbons, Sash, Mantua, &c. &c
Bonnets—The Spring styles of Bonnets, directly from the manufacturer in large quantities and very cheap.
Cloths and Cassimeres—a large stock of Cloths and Cassimeres of French and American makes.

Those ever fine to employ the best of workmen, gentlemen can be furnished with a suit of Cloths a little cheaper at our establishment than at any other in the city, and fits warranted. Our stock of

Ready-Made Clothing!

both for Boys' and Mens' wear, is also very extensive and is worthy of the attention of those desiring

CHEAPNESS AND DURABILITY.

Groceries of all kinds, not forgetting 25000 the best imported Cigars can be sold here for the money, can be found cheap at No. 1, Wright's Block.—don't mistake the number.

Erie, April 16, 1852. 49 J. ROSENZWEIG & CO.

HURR il FOR THE CHEAP

CLOTHING STORE.

BILL.—Why, John what do you hallow for?

John.—O! if I should tell you all about it you would hallow worse than I did

Bill.—Then tell me quick.

John.—Why, I was at JACOB KOCH'S Clothing Store, No. 7, Reed House, and such sights, and such a selling, and such a crowd you never saw before. He sells Clothing twenty five per cent cheaper than any other store this side of New York.

Bill.—Well, what has he got?

John.—He has all kinds of Coats you can imagine, from a fine black Dress Coat, down to a linen Coat; and in Vests he can't be hurt. He has Satin Vests of all kinds, and has Velvet and Cloth Vests also, the best and prettiest you ever saw;—and he has the greatest assortment of Pants, in Erie, and he has them cloudy Pants, that new style just come out this Spring, and what else do you think he has? Why, a whole lot of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and a man can go and get his measure taken for a whole suit for little or nothing.

Bill.—You have told me so much that I am bound to go there and buy.

John.—Now, hold on, I have not told you all yet. He has the best assortment of Collars, Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Traveling Bags and Umbrellas I ever saw.

Bill.—Now, I have but thirty-five dollars with me, but I will go and buy that much at any rate before he sells all.

John.—I bought a little, only forty five dollars worth and I can hardly carry them alone; but I am going home now, to get some more money and tell all the neighbors about, for I know its to their advantage, and you must know that most of the storekeepers keep the New York made Clothing, but he has the Cutter in the store and gets every thing made here.

Bill.—Now, I know that they don't half sew goods in N. York.

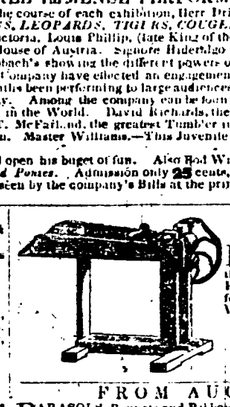
John.—And another thing he sells only for cash, and I like it first rate, because it is always best to pay for what you get. Now, I tell what his Motto is, a good one too—"Quick Sales and Small Profits." Well good bye to you, but don't forget it is No. 7, Reed House, North side of the Diamond.

Erie, April 17, 1852. 49

LADIES LOOK HERE.

THE very best Merrimac Prints may be had at 7cts., Ginghams 9 cts., De lanes for 12½, Chambery 9cts., Berege De lanes 5 to 6d. All wool Delanes 8 to 9d., at the New York cash Store, 4 doors east of the Erie Bank. J. SWEENY.

Erie, May 15, 1851. 1



HAY STRAW, and Corn Stock Cutter, an article that every person owning a Horse or Cow should have, for sale at the Agricultural Warehouse of CLARK & MCARTER.

May 22, 1852. 2

FROM AUCTION.

PARASOLS, Bonnets and Ribbons, also, 4-0 doz Linen Cambrick Handkerchiefs, from 6cts to 1 dollar.

May 1 1852. 51 TIRBALS & HAYES.

NEW GOODS!!

THE subscribers are now receiving a large and well selected stock of seasonable Goods, among which may be found

Cloths, Cassimercs, Tweeds, Vestings.

Dress Goods in great variety, Domestics, Hosiery, Boots and Shoes, a general assortment of Hardware, Crockery, Glass Ware, Stone Ware, and a choice lot of Ready Made Clothing, all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest for cash or Produce

May 29—3 SENNETT & CO.

HATS—Silk, Palm Leaf and Leghorn Hats for sale cheap at
May 29—3 SENNETT & CO.

LAWNS—As cheap as the cheapest, at
May 29.—3 SENNETT & CO'S.

SCYTHES AND FORKS—Received on consignment 100 dozen of Dunn & Taylor's World's Fair Premium Scythes, 75 dozen of Brand's Hay and Straw forks, which will be sold by the dozen for cash at Manufacturer's prices; also, a large lot of snaths, rakes and Quinebaug Stones at
Erie June 12 1852. 3 RUFUS REED'S.

TO BUILDERS.—A quantity of Hemlock Joist and Scantling, for sale at the store of June 12 1852. 5 SENNETT & CO.

GAITERS.—Ladies and Gentlemen's Gaiters of various styles at the store of June 12 1852. 5 SENNETT & CO.

FEW more of those cheap Parasols at
Erie June 12 1852. 3 G. SELDEN & SON.

PLAIN and Emb oidered Lawns selling cheap at
June 12 1-52. 5 G. SELDEN & SON.

POPLINS and Baregade Delaines at
June 12 1-52. 5 G. SELDEN & SON.

BROWN Sheetings Shirtings, Cotton Batting cotton yarn and cotton wrapping at June 12 1-52. 5 G. SELDEN & SON.

5000 SEGARS of all qualities just received. Also, any quantity of chewing and smoking tobacco for sale low at No 3, Williams block. 4

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!!

WE are now receiving a stock of $2,000 worth of Carpets, Druggets, Mattings, Floor Oil cloths, Rugs, plain